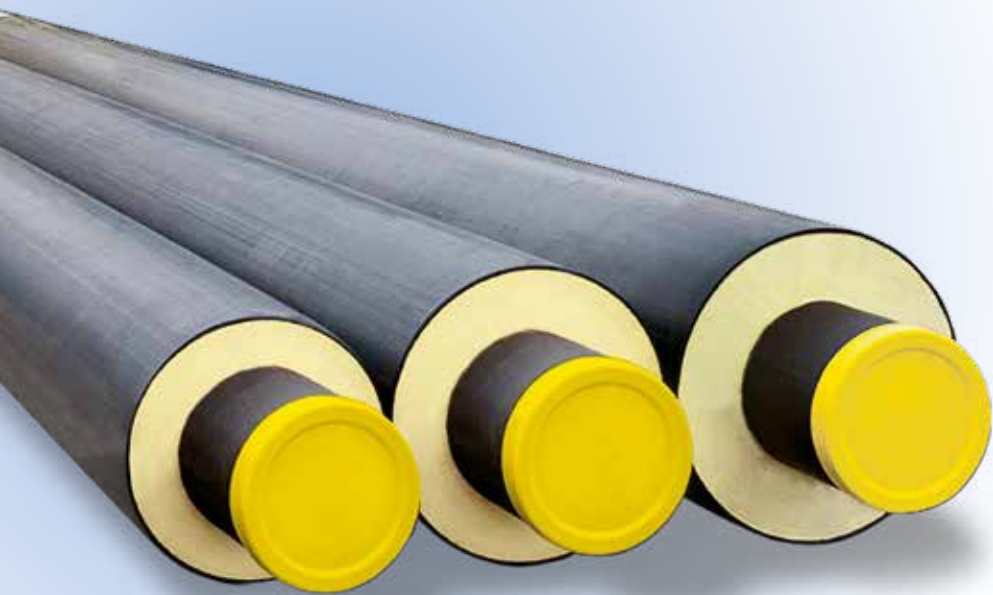


# Pre-insulated pipes and accessories catalogue



## Introduction

Standard pre-insulated pipes offered in this catalogue are primarily used for heating or cooling distribution systems including the following applications: low temperature hot water heating, medium temperature hot water heating, high temperature hot water heating, primary hot water service, chilled water, condensate and others. However, other applications with specific materials are available upon request.

### **ABTER STEEL Standard**

is used for heat distribution. It meets the requirements of European Association standards (including the German Association AGFW / FW401 and EUROHEAT & POWER), and the harmonised European standards EN 253, EN 448, EN 488, and EN 489 as amended. These pre-insulated pipes are manufactured from steel pipes insulated with hard polyurethane foam covered with a layer of polyethylene. The standard series is intended for a maximum working overpressure of 2,5 MPa and a maximum working temperature of 142°C (150°C on a short-term operating basis) with a service life of 30 years. In addition, we can offer pipes with increased thermal resistance of up to 165°C, also with a 30-year service life.

### **ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro**

is used for above-ground heat distribution. These pre-insulated pipes are manufactured from steel pipes insulated with hard polyurethane foam, and covered with spiral overlaid steel zinc-coated sheets. The pipes are intended for a maximum working overpressure of 2,5 MPa and a maximum working temperature of 142°C (150°C on a short-term operating basis) with a 30-year service life. In addition, we can offer pipes with increased thermal resistance of up to 165°C, also with a 30-year service life.

### **ABTER STEEL Twins**

is used for heat distribution. These pre-insulated pipes are manufactured from steel pipes insulated with hard polyurethane foam covered with a layer of polyethylene. The insulation is applied to the supply and return pipes, forming a pair. The pipes are manufactured in compliance with EN 15698-1. The standard series is intended for a maximum working overpressure of 2,5 MPa, a maximum working temperature of 130°C, and a maximum temperature difference of 50°C between the supply and return pipes, with a 30-year service life.

### **ABTER STEEL Special**

In addition to the above standard systems, we manufacture pre-insulated pipes which can be produced in other materials according to customer requirements. ABTER STEEL has extensive experience with the insulation of pipes for the chemical and refrigeration industries, water supply utilities, sanitation, and others. The long-term operating temperature range using polyurethane insulation is 142°C, and with up to 150°C for short-term operation. For higher operating temperatures of up to 165°C, we offer pipes with special polyurethane foam insulation, capable of handling higher temperatures. For media-carrying pipes, we can manufacture systems in steel, stainless steel, acid resistant material, galvanised steel, copper, polyethylene, polybutene, polypropylene, glass fibre, PEX, cast iron, and other material with polyethylene or metal spiral overlaid sheet depending on the specific application.

ABTER STEEL pipe systems are produced with Nordic system sensor wires as a standard, in compliance with EN 14 419. Pipes with other types of sensor wires (e.g., Brandes, Hagenuk, and Isotronic) can be supplied upon request.

ABTER STEEL reserves the right to make changes without prior notice.

**1 ABTER STEEL Standard**

**2 ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro  
Casing**

**3 ABTER STEEL Twins**

**4 ABTER STEEL Special**

**5 Accessories**

**6 Quality and Certifications**

## **1 ABTER STEEL Standard**

- 1.1 Technical specification**
- 1.2 Pipes**
- 1.3 Bends**
- 1.4 Elbows**
- 1.5 T-branches**
- 1.6 Reducers**
- 1.7 Anchors**
- 1.8 One time compensators**
- 1.9 Shut-off valves**
- 1.10 Drain/Air relief valves**
- 1.11 Combination valves**



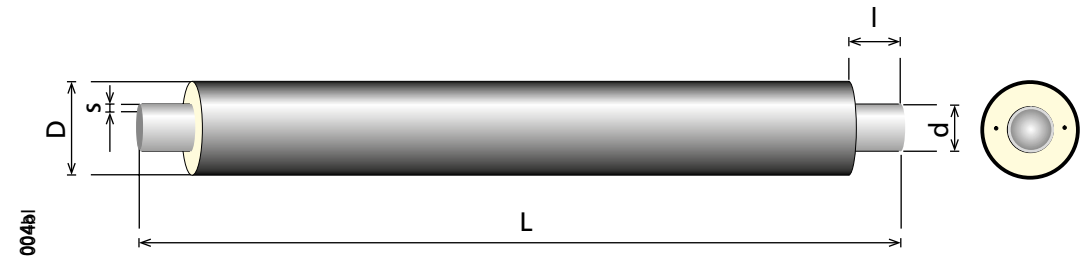
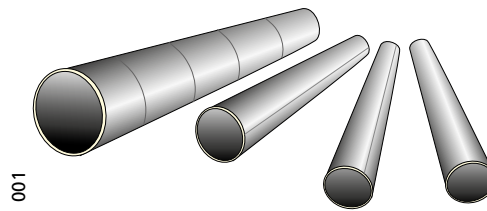
# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.1 Technical specification

### 1.1.1 Steel carrier pipe

The steel piping used in the ABTER STEEL system is made of longitudinally or helically welded pipes in compliance with the EN10217-1, EN10217-2, and EN10217-5 standards or, upon request, seamless pipes in accordance with EN10216-2. Unless otherwise stated, the values in this catalogue apply to welded pipes in compliance with the EN10217 standard.

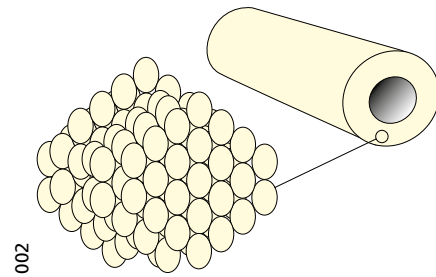
Material:	P 235 GH, P 265 GH	
Certification:	EN 10204 - 3.1	
Bevelling:	DIN 2559/22, ISO 6761	
Lengths:	DN 25:	L = 6 m
	DN 32 - DN 80:	L = 6 m, 12 m
	DN 100 - DN 700:	L = 6 m, 12 m, 16 m
Density:	7850 kg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Modulus of elasticity:	2,06 · 10 <sup>5</sup> N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
Yield strength:	235 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
Tensile strength:	350 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
Heat conductivity:	46 - 54,5 W/mK	
Thermal expansion coefficient:	1,2 · 10 <sup>-5</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>	



### 1.1.2 Rigid PUR insulation

Rigid polyurethane foam (PUR) is produced by mixing polyalcohols (polyols) containing additives and isocyanates (MDI). The mixture is injected into pipes using a high-pressure foaming technique. Cyclopentane is used as the foaming agent. The PUR foam used in the ABTER STEEL Standard system is CFC-free and meets the stringent requirements of European Standard EN 253.

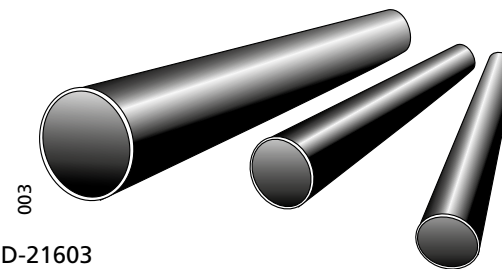
Average cell size:	≤ 0,5 mm
Closed cell content:	≥ 88 %
Core density:	≥ 60 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Compressive strength:	≥ 0,3 MPa
Water absorption:	≥ 0,12 MPa
Thermal conductivity (+ 50°C):	0,026 W/mK



### 1.1.3 PE-HD casing pipe

Material PE-HD (high-density polyethylene)

Dimensions:	EN 253
Material:	PE-HD
Density (+20°C):	~ 960 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Heat conductivity:	0,43W/mK
Thermal expansion coefficient:	1,8 · 10 <sup>-4</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>
Melt flow index (MFI 190/5):	0,2 to 1,4
Carbon black content:	2,5 ± 0,5 % ASTM D-21603
Elongation at break:	≥ 350% ISO R-292
Impact strength:	≥ 10 mJ/mm <sup>2</sup> ISO R-179
Tensile strength:	≥ 17 MPa ISO DIS 572B
The material is protected against the effects of UV radiation	



# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.2 Pipes

### Insulation class 1

DN	d . s (mm)	D (mm)	L (m)	Weight (kg/m)	Insulation thickness (mm)	Water volume (l/m)
25	33,7 . 2,6	90	6	3,2	25	0,64
32	42,4 . 2,6	110	6, 12	4,1	31	1,09
40	48,3 . 2,6	110	6, 12	4,5	28	1,46
50	60,3 . 2,9	125	6, 12	5,9	29	2,33
65	76,1 . 2,9	140	6, 12	7,3	29	3,88
80	88,9 . 3,2	160	6, 12	9,1	33	5,35
100	114,3 . 3,6	200	6, 12, 16	13,2	40	9,01
125	139,7 . 3,6	225	6, 12, 16	16,0	39	13,79
150	168,3 . 4,0	250	6, 12, 16	20,7	37	20,18
200	219,1 . 4,5	315	6, 12, 16	30,4	44	34,67
250	273,0 . 5,0	400	6, 12, 16	43,4	59	54,30
300	323,9 . 5,6	450	6, 12, 16	56,1	58	76,80
350	355,6 . 5,6	500	6, 12, 16	64,1	66	93,20
400	406,4 . 6,3	560	6, 12, 16	81,7	70	121,80
450	457,0 . 6,3	560	6, 12, 16	87,0	45	155,10
500	508,0 . 6,3	630	6, 12, 16	99,6	53	192,80
600	610,0 . 8,0	710	6, 12, 16	142,0	42	276,70
700	711,0 . 8,0	800	6, 12, 16	170,3	34	377,60
800 to 1200 upon request						

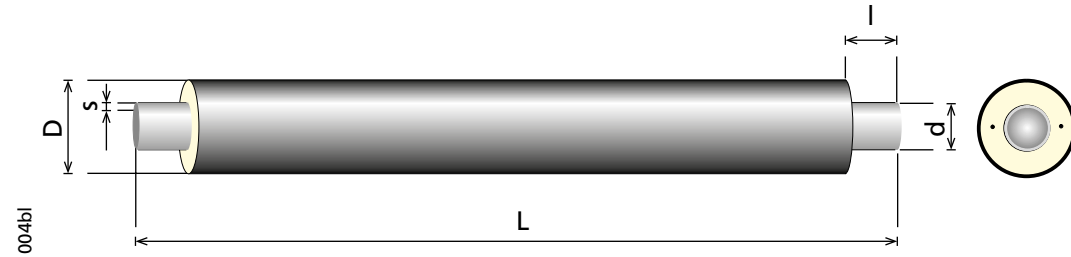
Pipes can be manufactured in other lengths, dimensions, and insulation thicknesses upon request.

Lengths of the non-insulated pipe end:

- ≤ DN 350 l = 170 ± 10 mm
- ≥ DN 400 l = 190 ± 10 mm

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) P (DN/casing diameter) (length) Ex.: FTS 1 P DN100/200 12m

# ABTER STEEL Standard



## Insulation class 2

DN	d . s (mm)	D (mm)	L (m)	Weigh (kg/m)	Insulation thickness (mm)	Water volume (l/m)
25	33,7 . 2,6	110	6, 12	3,6	35	0,64
32	42,4 . 2,6	125	6, 12	4,5	38	1,09
40	48,3 . 2,6	125	6, 12	4,8	35	1,46
50	60,3 . 2,9	140	6, 12	6,3	37	2,33
65	76,1 . 2,9	160	6, 12	7,8	39	3,88
80	88,9 . 3,2	180	6, 12	9,7	43	5,35
100	114,3 . 3,6	225	6, 12, 16	14,1	52	9,01
125	139,7 . 3,6	250	6, 12, 16	17,1	52	13,79
150	168,3 . 4,0	280	6, 12, 16	22,2	52	20,18
200	219,1 . 4,5	355	6, 12, 16	32,8	63	34,67
250	273,0 . 5,0	450	6, 12, 16	47,0	83	54,30
300	323,9 . 5,6	500	6, 12, 16	61,0	82	76,80
350	355,6 . 5,6	560	6, 12, 16	70,1	95	93,20
400	406,4 . 6,3	630	6, 12, 16	89,3	104	121,80
450	457,0 . 6,3	630	6, 12, 16	94,6	79	155,10
500	508,0 . 6,3	710	6, 12, 16	107,9	93	192,80
600	610,0 . 8,0	800	6, 12, 16	158,2	84	276,74
700	711,0 . 8,0	900	6, 12, 16	188,7	82	377,62
800 to 1200 upon request						

Pipes can be manufactured in other lengths, dimensions, and insulation thicknesses upon request.

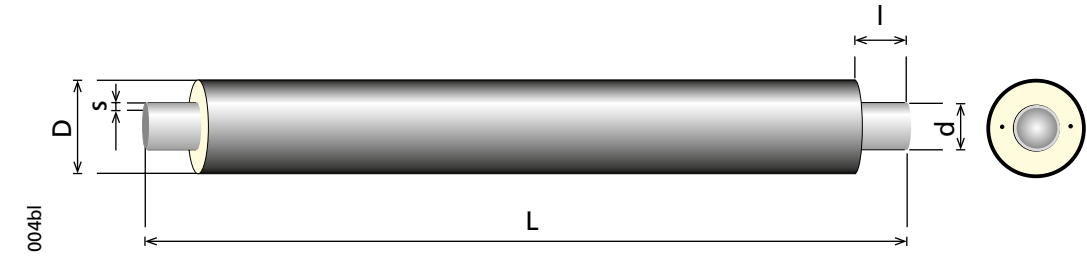
Lengths of the non-insulated pipe end:

≤ DN 350 l = 170 ± 10 mm

≥ DN 400 l = 190 ± 10 mm

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) P (DN/casing diameter) (length) Ex.: FTS 2 P DN100/225 12m

# ABTER STEEL Standard



## Insulation class 3

DN	d . s (mm)	D (mm)	L (m)	Weight (kg/m)	Insulation thickness (mm)	Water volume (l/m)
25	33,7 . 2,6	125	6, 12	4,0	43	0,64
32	42,4 . 2,6	140	6, 12	4,9	46	1,09
40	48,3 . 2,6	140	6, 12	5,2	43	1,46
50	60,3 . 2,9	160	6, 12	6,9	47	2,33
65	76,1 . 2,9	180	6, 12	8,5	49	3,88
80	88,9 . 3,2	200	6, 12	10,4	52	5,35
100	114,3 . 3,6	250	6, 12, 16	15,2	64	9,01
125	139,7 . 3,6	280	6, 12, 16	18,5	66	13,79
150	168,3 . 4,0	315	6, 12, 16	23,9	69	20,18
200	219,1 . 4,5	400	6, 12, 16	35,7	86	34,67
250	273,0 . 5,0	500	6, 12, 16	51,9	107	54,30
300	323,9 . 5,6	560	6, 12, 16	67,0	111	76,80
350	355,6 . 5,6	630	6, 12, 16	77,8	129	93,20
400	406,4 . 6,3	670	6, 12, 16	94,3	123	121,80
450	457,0 . 6,3	710	6, 12, 16	102,8	119	155,10
500	508,0 . 6,3	800	6, 12, 16	124,1	135	192,80
600	610,0 . 8,0	900	6, 12, 16	176,6	132	276,74
700 to 1200 upon request						

Pipes can be manufactured in other lengths, dimensions, and insulation thicknesses upon request.

Lengths of the non-insulated pipe end:

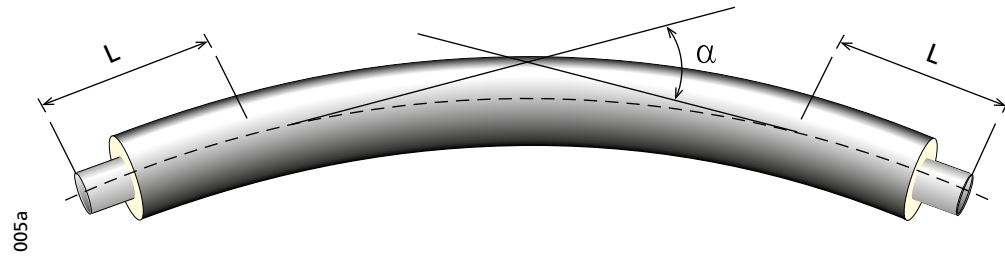
≤ DN 350 l = 170 ± 10 mm

≥ DN 400 l = 190 ± 10 mm

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) P (DN/casing diameter) (length) Ex.: FTS 3 P DN100/250 12m

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.3 Bends



Straight ends of bends are approx. 2.5 m long (dimension "L" as above drawing).

Bends are produced on special forming equipment and are based on an advance customer order which specifies the required angle. The benchmark for determining the specific angle  $\alpha$  is the angle measured at the central axis of the trench, taking into account the length of the straight ends. The standard straight pipes can be formed on site up to dimension DN 100 and bending angle up to 15°.

DN	Maximum bending angle $\alpha$
32-65	45°
80-150	35°
200	25°
250	19°
300	16°
350	15°
400	12°
450	11°
500	9°

The values given are for 12 m pipes.

**Important note:**

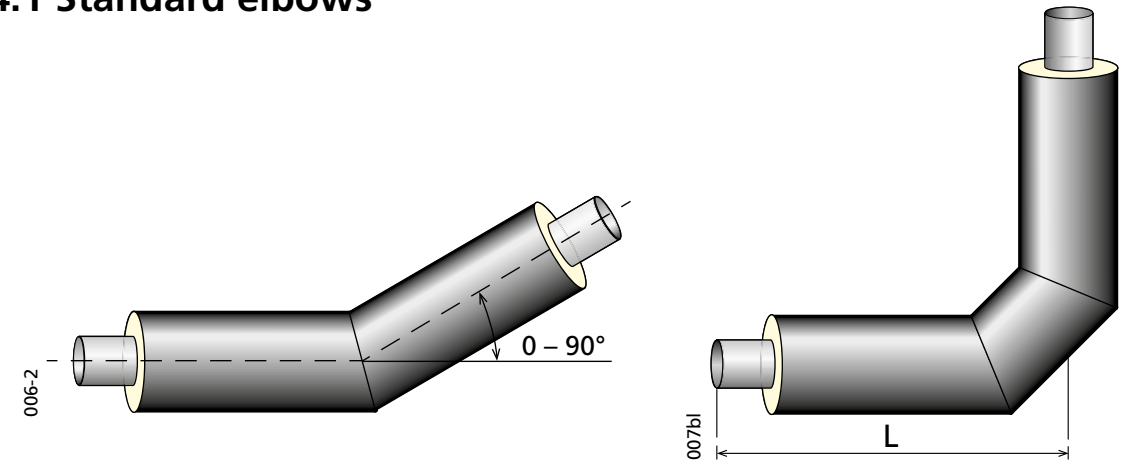
We recommend that trench space is suitable for the specific shape of the bends with straight ends delivered.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) PB (DN/casing diameter) (length) Ex.: FTS 2 PB DN100/225 12 m 18°

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.4 Elbows

### 1.4.1 Standard elbows



ABTER STEEL Standard prefabricated insulated elbows are manufactured with a standard angle of 90°. The bending radii, branch lengths and radii depend on pipe dimensions, see the table below. Other angles, branch lengths and radii of elbows can be manufactured upon request, subject to prior arrangement with ABTER STEEL a.s.

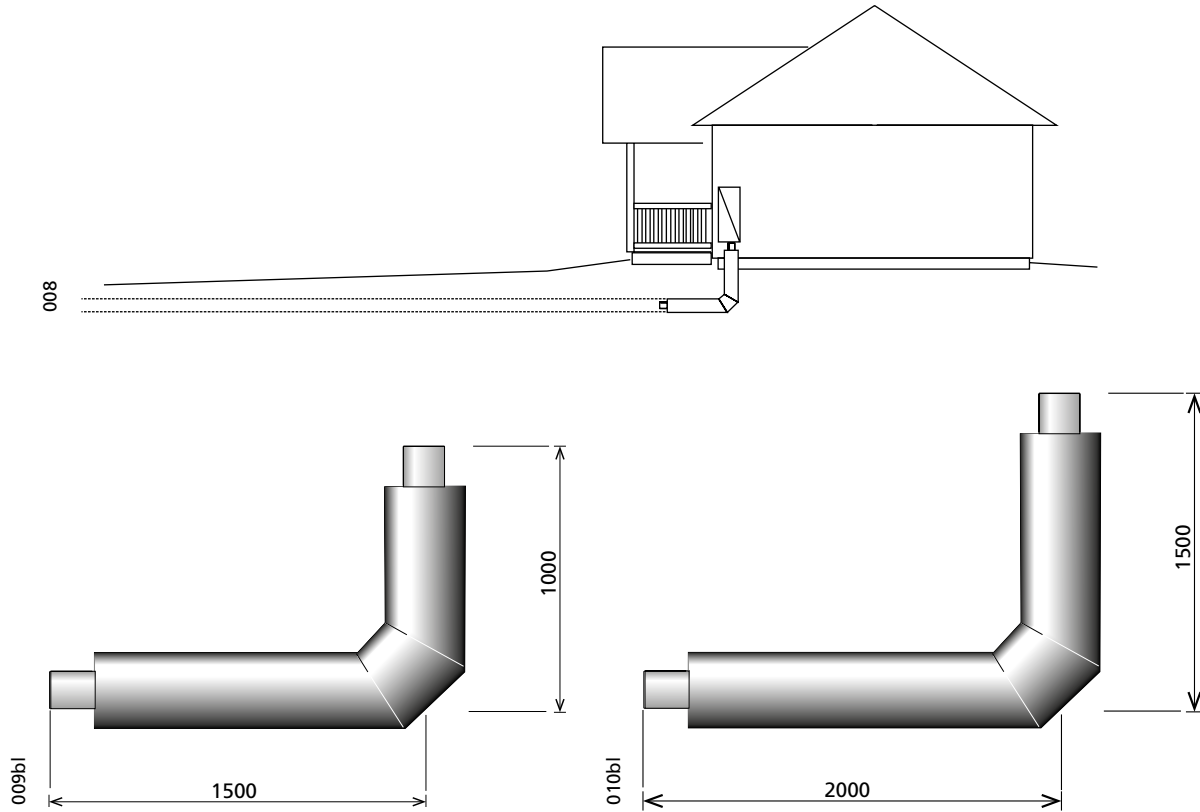
DN	Standard angle 90°			Atypical angles - other than 90°		
	L (mm)	R (mm)	R	L (mm)	R (mm)	R
25	1000	112	3D	1000	112	3D
32	1000	130	3D	1000	130	3D
40	1000	150	3D	1000	150	3D
50	1000	190	3D	1000	190	3D
65	1000	232	3D	1000	232	3D
80	1000	274	3D	1000	274	3D
100	1000	340	3D	1000	340	3D
125	1000	350	2,5D	1000	190	1,5D
150	1000	421	2,5D	1000	229	1,5D
200	1000	510	2,5D	1000	305	1,5D
250	1000	650	2,5D	1000	381	1,5D
300	1500	775	2,5D	1000	457	1,5D
350	1600	850	2,5D	1000	533	1,5D
400	1600	970	2,5D	1000	610	1,5D
450	-	-	-	1000	686	1,5D
500	1600	1245	2,5D	1200	762	1,5D

We can supply bending radii other than those listed upon request.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) E (DN/casing diameter) (angle) Ex.: FTS 1 E DN40/110 90°

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.4.2 Pipes Elbows with Extended Sections



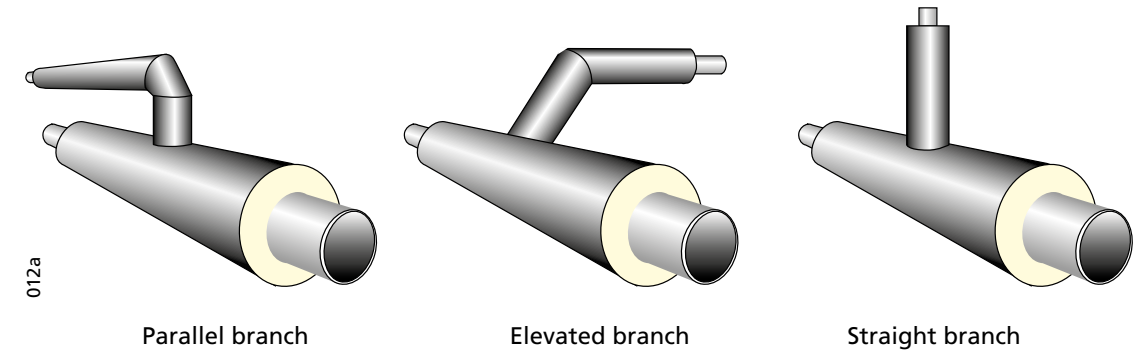
Pipe elbows with extended sections are standardly manufactured in dimensions DN25 – DN250, with section lengths of 1x1.5 m and 1.5x2 m. They serve primarily for the connection of units through foundation/floor. If needed, they can also be used anywhere else along the route, for instance in "U" expansion bends or in places where it is not possible to place a connection for layout reasons.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) E (DN/casing diameter) (L = longer dimension of the arm x shorter dimension of the arm) Ex.: FTS 1 E DN50/125 L = 2,0x1,5m

# ABTER STEEL Standard

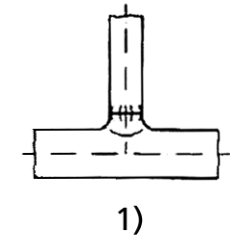
## 1.5 T-branches

The following are used to branch off the main pipe:

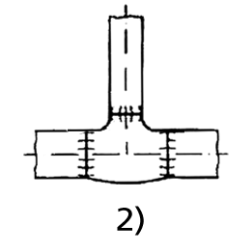


Implementation of the steel T-branch from the main route:

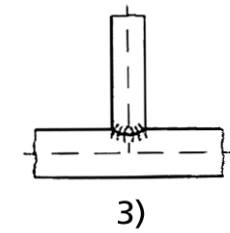
**1) Necked-Out (Collaring) T-branch Standard T-piece**  
Standard design using the cold-forming method for the neck and the "V" weld. An advantage of this design is the higher overall strength of the "V" weld compared to a fillet weld, and better shape for the flow of the medium.



**2) Forged T-piece**  
Welded forged T-pieces according to EN 10253-2 are used if there is a requirement for significantly higher strength or if the branch has the same dimension as the base.



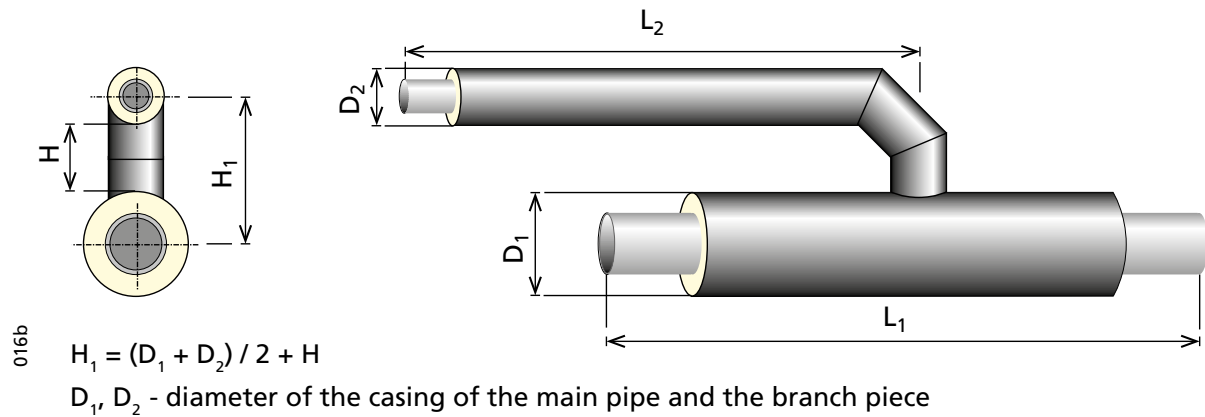
**3) Welded tube fitting**  
In exceptional cases, when it is not technologically possible to use another construction method for the branch, branching with a fillet weld is used. Construction with reinforcement is also possible.



Most branches are also available with larger wall thicknesses for greater strength. It is recommended to consult the specific type and wall thickness with ABTER STEEL technical department concerning the wall thickness, or determining such requirement based on static strength calculations according to the specific conditions of the project.

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.5.1 Parallel T-branches



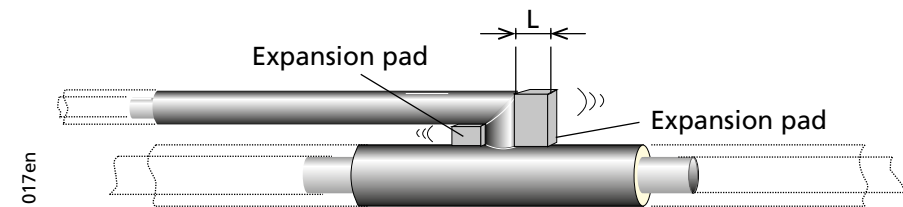
H - distance between the surfaces of the casing pipes

Arm lengths and distance between the surfaces of the casing pipes according to the dimensions of the branch piece:

DN <sub>2</sub> 25 - DN <sub>2</sub> 50:	L <sub>1</sub> = 1000 mm,	L <sub>2</sub> = 1000 mm,	H = 120 mm
DN <sub>2</sub> 65 - DN <sub>2</sub> 100:	L <sub>1</sub> = 1000 mm,	L <sub>2</sub> = 1000 mm,	H = 200 mm
DN <sub>2</sub> 125 - DN <sub>2</sub> 200:	L <sub>1</sub> = 1200 mm,	L <sub>2</sub> = 1000 mm,	H = 200 mm
DN <sub>2</sub> 250 - DN <sub>2</sub> 300:	L <sub>1</sub> = 1500 mm,	L <sub>2</sub> = 1000 mm,	H = 300 mm

Larger sizes and lengths different to L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> are available upon request.

Example of the location of expansion pads:

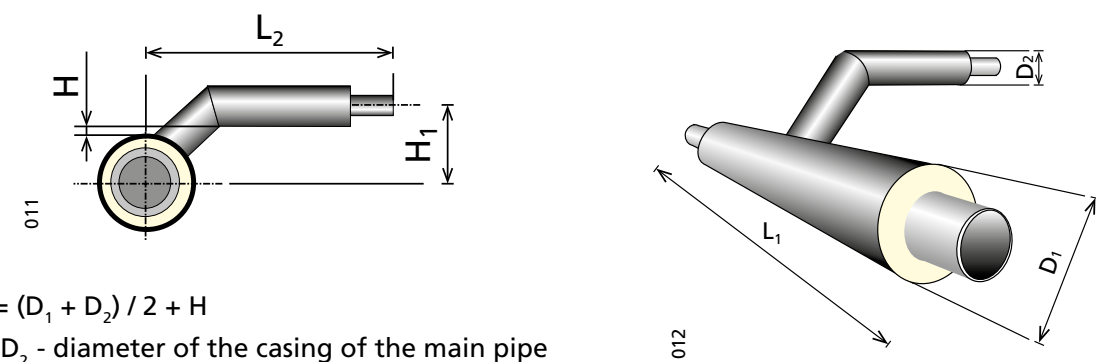


To allow pipe movement in the axial direction of the branch, it is necessary to insert foam pads on both sides of the branch. The length L is designed according to the movement of the branch and possible compression of the expansion pads upon the thermal expansion of the pipe.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard P-T (insulation Class-DN of the main route/casing diameter) x (insulation Class-DN of the branch/casing diameter)  
 Ex.: FTS P-T 1-DN100/200 x 1-DN65/140

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.5.2 Elevation T-branches



$$H_1 = (D_1 + D_2) / 2 + H$$

$D_1, D_2$  - diameter of the casing of the main pipe and the branch piece

H = 35 mm distance between the surfaces of the casing pipes

Arm lengths according to the dimensions of the branch piece:

DN <sub>2</sub> 25 - DN <sub>2</sub> 100:	L <sub>1</sub> = 1000 mm	L <sub>2</sub> = 1000 mm
DN <sub>2</sub> 125 - DN <sub>2</sub> 200:	L <sub>1</sub> = 1200 mm	L <sub>2</sub> = 1000 mm
DN <sub>2</sub> 250 - DN <sub>2</sub> 300:	L <sub>1</sub> = 1500 mm	L <sub>2</sub> = 1000 mm

Larger sizes and lengths different to L<sub>1</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> are available upon request.

The table indicates the distance H<sub>1</sub> between the axis of the main pipe and the branch piece for insulation class 1:

DN <sub>2</sub> / DN <sub>1</sub>	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300
25	125											
32	135	145										
40	135	145	145									
50	143	153	153	160								
65	150	160	160	168	175							
80	160	170	170	178	185	195						
100	180	190	190	198	205	215	235					
125	193	203	203	210	218	228	248	260				
150	205	215	215	223	230	240	260	273	285			
200	238	248	248	255	263	273	293	305	318	350		
250	280	290	290	298	305	315	335	348	360	393	435	
300	305	315	315	323	330	340	360	373	385	418	460	485
350	330	340	340	348	355	365	385	398	410	443	485	510
400	360	370	370	378	385	395	415	428	440	473	515	540
450	360	370	370	378	385	395	415	428	440	473	515	540
500	395	405	405	413	420	430	450	463	475	508	550	575
600	435	445	445	453	460	470	490	503	515	548	590	615

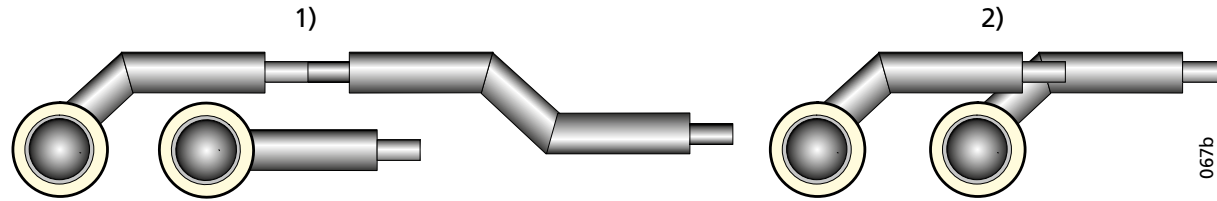
Code: ABTER STEEL Standard E-T (insulation Class-DN of the main route/casing diameter) x (insulation Class-DN of the branch/casing diameter)  
 Ex.: FTS E-T 1-DN80/160 x 1-DN65/140



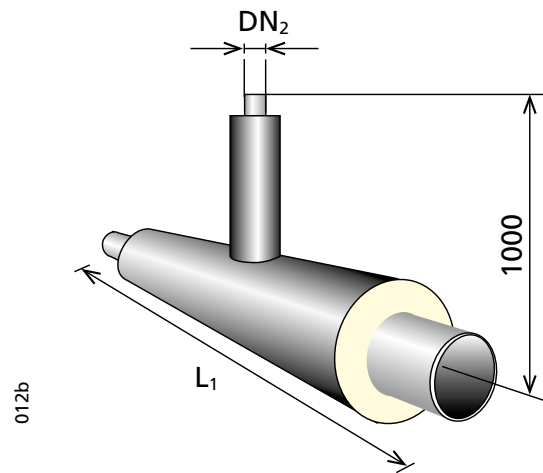
# ABTER STEEL Standard

Methods of implementation of the elevation branch from the main route are:

- 1) use of the T-elevation branch, T straight branch, (branched pipe returns to the same height as that of the main pipe after crossing the adjacent pipe)
- 2) use of two T-elevation branches (branched pipe is at a different height than the main pipe)



## 1.5.3 Straight T-branches



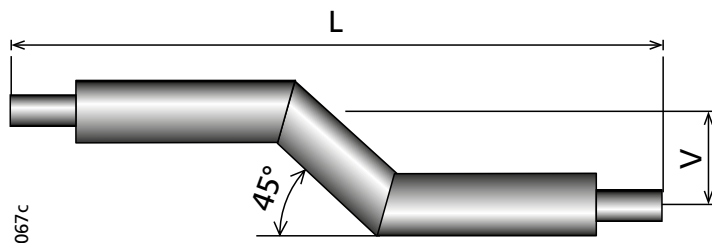
Lengths of the main pipe according to the dimensions of the branch piece:

- DN<sub>2</sub> 25 - DN<sub>2</sub> 100: L<sub>1</sub> = 1000 mm
- DN<sub>2</sub> 125 - DN<sub>2</sub> 200: L<sub>1</sub> = 1200 mm
- DN<sub>2</sub> 250 - DN<sub>2</sub> 300: L<sub>1</sub> = 1500 mm

Larger sizes and lengths are available upon request.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard S-T (insulation Class-DN of the main route/casing diameter) x (insulation Class-DN of the branch/casing diameter)  
 Ex.: FTS S-T 1-DN80/160 x 1-DN65/140.

## 1.5.4 T-jumps



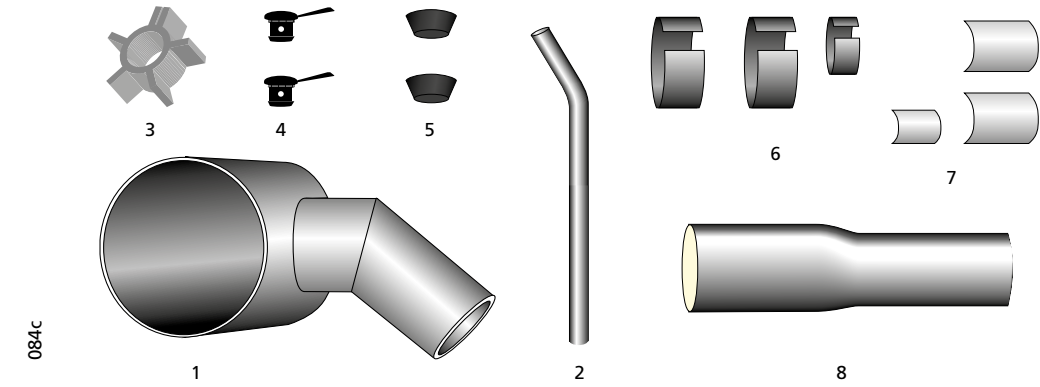
**Dimensions of recoils:**  
 This is a custom-made product with recoil heights and lengths set according to production capability; we encourage you therefore to consult with ABTER STEEL technical department regarding the required values.

ABTER STEEL Standard J (insulation Class-DN of the main pipe/casing diameter) (V=recoil height) (L=recoil length)  
 FTS J 1-DN65/140 V=205 mm L=1500 mm

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.5.5 T-branch kit

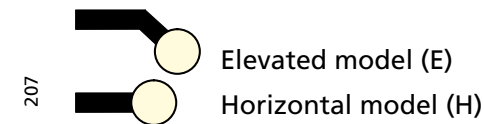
ABTER STEEL T-branch kit is designed for the assembly of a branch at any place on an existing pipeline, after removal of insulation from an existing pipe or for making an atypical branch. The mounting branch is designed for welding with a plastic welding extruder; upon request we can supply an option without the need for an extruder. In the event when tapping is required, your order for the branch kit must also include the tapping valve – see chapter 5.8



The branch kit includes:

1. Saddle	1 piece	6. Narrow shrink sleeves	2+1 pieces*
2. Branch carrying pipe	1 piece	7. Closing patches	2+1 pieces*
3. Centring ring	1 piece	8. Reduction piece	1 piece*
4. Venting plugs	2 pieces	PUR components (quantity according to the dimensions)	
5. Welding plugs	2 pieces		

\* Items so marked are included in the branch kit only if the branching off pipe is in the first insulation class (due to larger tapping valves and lesser insulation thickness it is typical to use a casing branch pipe with a larger diameter, which must be then reduced).



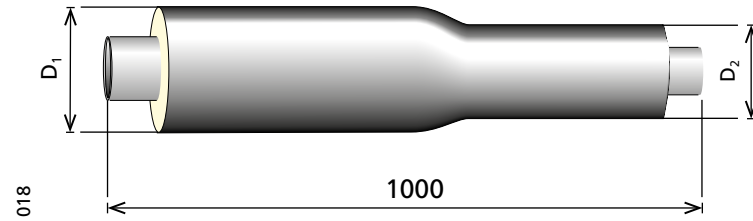
If the branch is in the first insulation class, pull the diameter reducer on the end of the branch and secure it in position with shrink bands and a closing strap.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard T-kit (insulation class - DN of the main piping/casing diameter) x (insulation class - DN of the branch/casing diameter) (model E or H)  
 Ex.: FTS T-kit 1-DN100/200 x 1-DN25/90 E

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.6 Reducers

### 1.6.1 Prefabricated reducers



Pre-insulated reducers can be supplied in the following casing pipe sizes:

D <sub>2</sub> \ D <sub>1</sub>	110	125	140	160	180	200	225	250	280	315	355	400	450	500	560	630	710
90	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>													
110		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>												
125			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											
140				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>										
160					<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>									
180						<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>								
200							<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>							
225								<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						
250									<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>					
280										<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
315											<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
355												<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			
400													<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
450														<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
500															<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
560																<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
630																	<input type="checkbox"/>

For other sizes, different technical solutions are offered.

**Important note:**

For hydraulic and strength reasons, we recommend using reducers with a diameter change of no more than two of DN degrees. If a larger DN change is necessary, use more reducers arranged in succession in accordance with the design documentation.

When ordering, please specify the DN dimensions and insulation class.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard RED (insulation class - larger DN/casing diameter)  
 x (insulation class - smaller DN/casing diameter)  
 Ex.: FTS RED 1-DN100/200 x 1-DN80/160

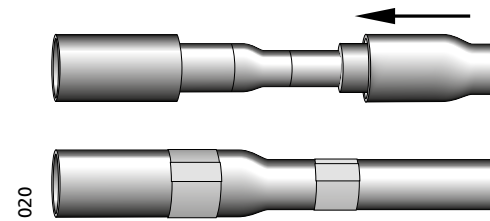
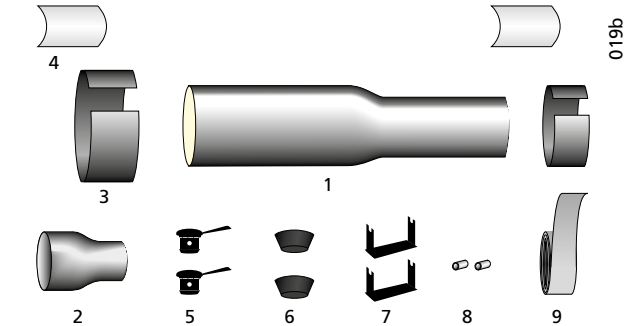
# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.6.2 Modular reduction kits (reduced joint)

ABTER STEEL Standard reduction kits (for installation in joints) are offered as standard shrinkable version. The advantage of the shrinkable modular reduction kit is that there are two independent systems for sealing a reduced joint.

**The kit comprises:**

- 1. PE shrinkable casing reducer 1 piece
- 2. Steel reducer 1 piece
- 3. Narrow shrink sleeve 2 pieces
- 4. Closing patch 2 pieces
- 5. Venting plug 2 pieces
- 6. Welding plug 2 pieces
- 7. Electrical wire support 2 pieces
- 8. Electrical wire connector 2 pieces
- 9. Sealing tape 1 piece
- PUR components (quantity according to the size)



The PE casing reducer is placed over the smaller casing pipe prior to welding of the steel reducer.

The subsequent installation procedure of the shrinkable modular reduction kit is similar to the installation procedure for the DSJ double-sealed shrinkable joint.

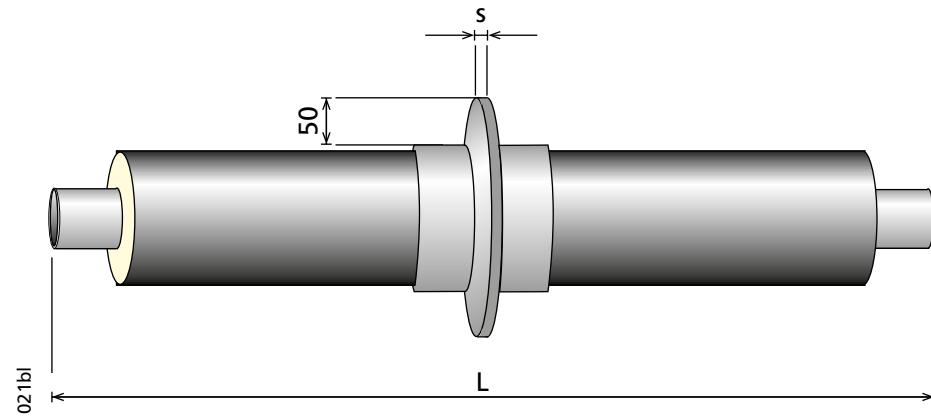
**Important note:**

For hydraulic and strength reasons, we recommend using reducers with a diameter change of no more than two of DN degrees. If a larger DN change is necessary, use more reducers arranged in succession in accordance with the design documentation.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard DSJ-SRK (PE larger casing diameter/smaller casing diameter)  
 Steel reducer (larger DN/smaller DN)  
 Ex.: FTS DSJ-SRK PE160/140  
 Steel reducer DN80/DN65

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.7 Anchors 1.7.1 Straight anchors



DN	L (m)	s (mm)	Insulation class 1	Insulation class 2	Insulation class 3
			S (cm <sup>2</sup> )	S (cm <sup>2</sup> )	S (cm <sup>2</sup> )
25	2	16	235	267	290
32	2	16	267	290	314
40	2	16	267	290	314
50	2	16	290	314	345
65	3	16	314	345	376
80	3	16	345	376	408
100	3	20	408	447	486
125	3	20	447	486	534
150	3	20	486	534	589
200	3	25	589	651	722
250	3	25	722	801	879
300	3	35	801	879	973
350	3	35	879	973	1083
400	3	35	973	1083	1146
450	3	40	973	1083	1209
500	3	40	1083	1209	1350
600	3	40	1209	1350	1508

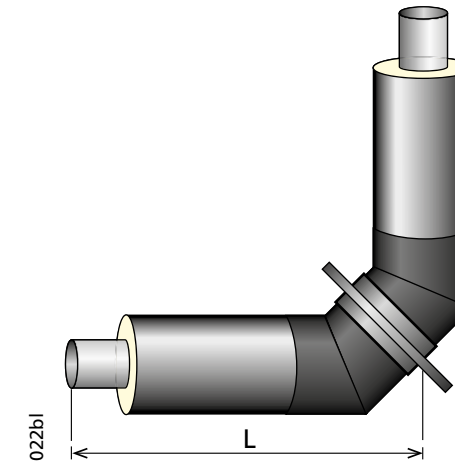
ABTER STEEL Standard anchors are designed to be embedded into a reinforced concrete block. It may also be attached to the supporting structure (e.g. welded to a steel structure).

S = area of anchor plate outside the casing  
s = anchor plate thickness

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) AP (DN/casing diameter)  
Ex.: FTS 1 AP DN80/160

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.7.2 Elbow anchors



DN	L (mm)	R (mm)
25	1200	112
32	1200	130
40	1200	150
50	1200	190
65	1200	232
80	1200	274
100	1200	340
125	1200	190
150	1200	229
200	1200	305
250	1200	381
300	1200	457
350	1200	533
400	1200	610
450	1200	686
500	1400	762
600	1500	914

ABTER STEEL Standard elbow anchors are manufactured with both arms of equal length. The dimensions of the anchor plates are similar to those of the anchors (see Chapter 1.2.6).

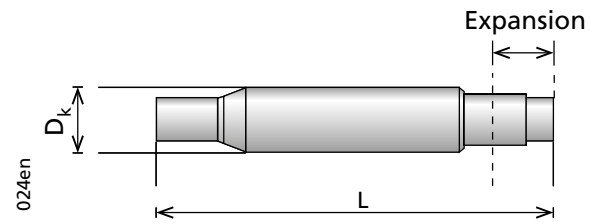
Bending Radius R:  
DN 25 - DN 100: R = 3 D  
DN 125 - DN 600: R = 1,5 D

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class)  
EA (DN/casing diameter) (elbow angle)  
Ex.: FTS 1 EA DN65/140 90°



# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.8 One time compensators



One time compensators are used to achieve and maintain continuous pipe prestressing, which reduces the axial stress particularly in long straight sections of piping. One time compensators are installed especially where the stress generated by thermal expansion cannot be compensated in any other way (e.g. natural bends of the line, "U" expansion pieces, etc.).

DN (mm)	L (mm)	Expansion (mm) PN 25	D <sub>k</sub> (mm)
40	275	50	73,0
50	275	50	86,0
65	335	70	106,0
80	345	70	122,0
100	390	80	139,7
125	400	80	168,3
150	475	100	193,7
200	515	120	268,0
250	515	120	323,9
300	660	140	355,6
350	650	140	406,4
400	650	140	457,2
450	660	150	508,0
500	660	150	560,0
600	690	150	675,0

**Please note:**

- It is recommended to consult the selection, location and suitability of the use of one time compensators with the representatives of ABTER STEEL a.s.
- When installing the compensator, observe the technological process specified in the Installation Manual of ABTER STEEL a.s. available at [www.ABTERSTEEL.COM](http://www.ABTERSTEEL.COM).
- The compensator position is secured with welds for transport. These welds however, are not sufficient for pressure testing and subsequent installation. Therefore, the compensator must be secured against expansion with additional welds.
- When foaming the space of the compensator, the temperature must not exceed 40°C.

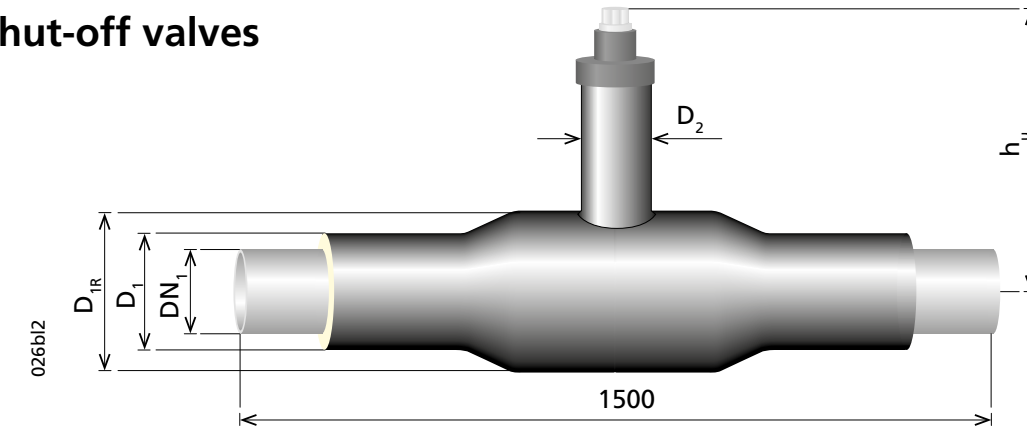
**Technical data:**

- Material: AISI 321 / W-Nr. 1.4541
- Nominal pressure: 2,5 MPa

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard OB (dimension) (nominal pressure) Exp (expansion)  
 Ex.: FTS 1 OB DN100 PN 25 Exp 80

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.9 Shut-off valves



ABTER STEEL shut-off valves DN 25 - DN 600 are manufactured only as a long spindle ball valves. We deliver a reduced flow-rate profile of the valve closing by default.

DN <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>1</sub> (mm)	D <sub>1R</sub> (mm)	h <sub>u</sub> (mm)	D <sub>2</sub> (mm)
DN 25	90	110	480	110
DN 32	110	125	485	110
DN 40	110	125	495	110
DN 50	125	140	500	110
DN 65	140	160	504	110
DN 80	160	200	515	110
DN 100	200	225	525	140
DN 125	225	280	545	140
DN 150	250	315	565	140
DN 200	315	400	585	140
DN 250	400	500	613	200

**Valve Material:**

- Valve body: carbon steel P235 GH
- Ball: SIS 2333, AISI 304 (stainless steel)
- Gasket: PTFE, carbon reinforced
- Upper part of spindle: SIS 2333, AISI304 - stainless steel

h<sub>u</sub> = maximum length from axis of carrier pipe to the upper end of spindle

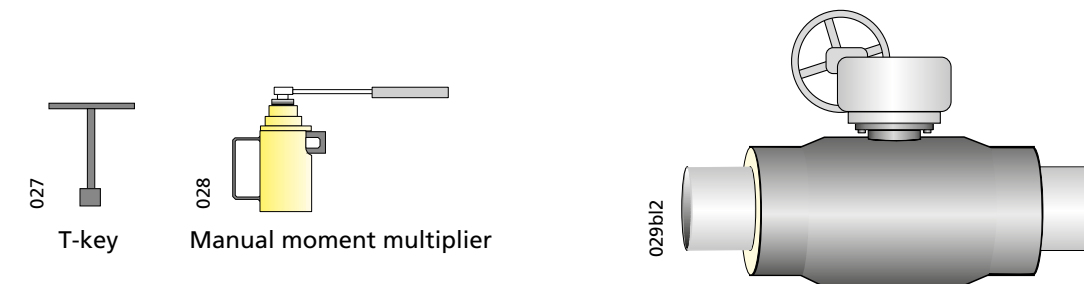
**Important note:**

When the shut-off valve is being welded into the pipeline, the valve must be in the open position so as not to damage its seal.

Data in the table applies for the first class of insulation only. For larger dimensions and other insulation classes, technical parameters are available upon request.

Shut-off valves can be supplied in various sizes and designs according to the customer's requirements.

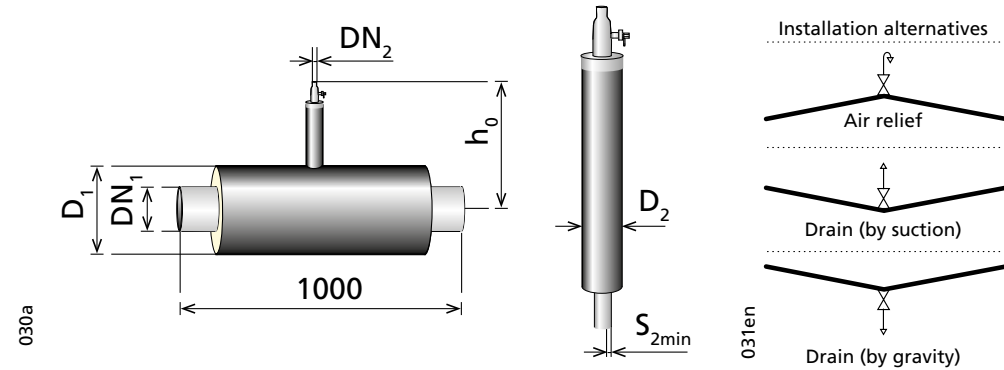
Based on the customer's requirements, valves are controlled either manually with a T-key (for dimensions of DN25 to 150), through a manual moment multiplier, or with a gearbox (for dimensions of DN 200 and above).



Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulating class ) SV (piping DN/casing diameter) (rated pressure) Ex.: FTS 1 SV DN200/315 PN25

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.10 Drain/Air relief valves 1.10.1 Suction modification



The drain and air relief parts of the valves are produced with an increased wall thickness compared to the thickness of standard pipes.

### Valve Material:

- Service pipe: carbon steel P235 GH
- Ball and body: SIS 2333, AISI 304 (stainless steel)
- Gasket: PTFE, carbon reinforced

A drain valve with a different height of the bleeding or discharge arm or a drain valve of a bigger size, height arm length can be supplied upon request or insulation class.

DN <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	s <sub>2min</sub> (mm)
25	90	7,1
32	110	7,1
40	140	5,6
50	160	7,1

DN <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>1</sub> (mm)	h <sub>0</sub> (mm)
DN 25	90	450
DN 32	110	415
DN 40	110	405
DN 50	125	425
DN 65	140	430
DN 80	160	444
DN 100	200	458
DN 125	225	471
DN 150	250	488
DN 200	315	514
DN 250	400	540

Values in the table only apply for 1st class of insulation (DN) and only include dimensions DN 25, 32 and 40 for drain/air relief. Values given for larger dimensions and higher insulation classes available upon request.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) D/A-V (DN pipe dimension/casing diameter)/(DN valve dimension)  
Ex.: FTS 1 D/A-V DN100/200 x DN25

## 1.10.2 Gravitation model – kit

The drain and air relief parts of the valves are produced with an increased wall thickness compared to the thickness of standard pipes.

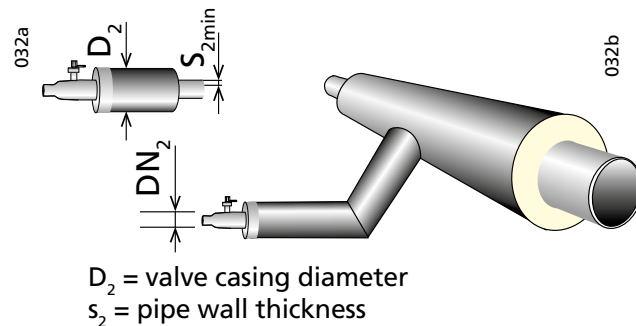
The dimensions correspond to the elevated T-branch (1.2.4.2) with a welded on shut-off valve.

### Valve Material:

- Service pipe: carbon steel P 235 GH
- Ball and body: SIS 2333, AISI 304 (stainless steel)
- Gasket: PTFE, reinforced with carbon

A drain valve with a different length of the bleeding or discharge arm or a drain valve of a bigger size can be supplied upon request or insulation class.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) D-V (DN pipe dimension/casing diameter)/(DN air/drain valve dimension)  
Ex.: FTS 1 D-V DN200/315 x DN32

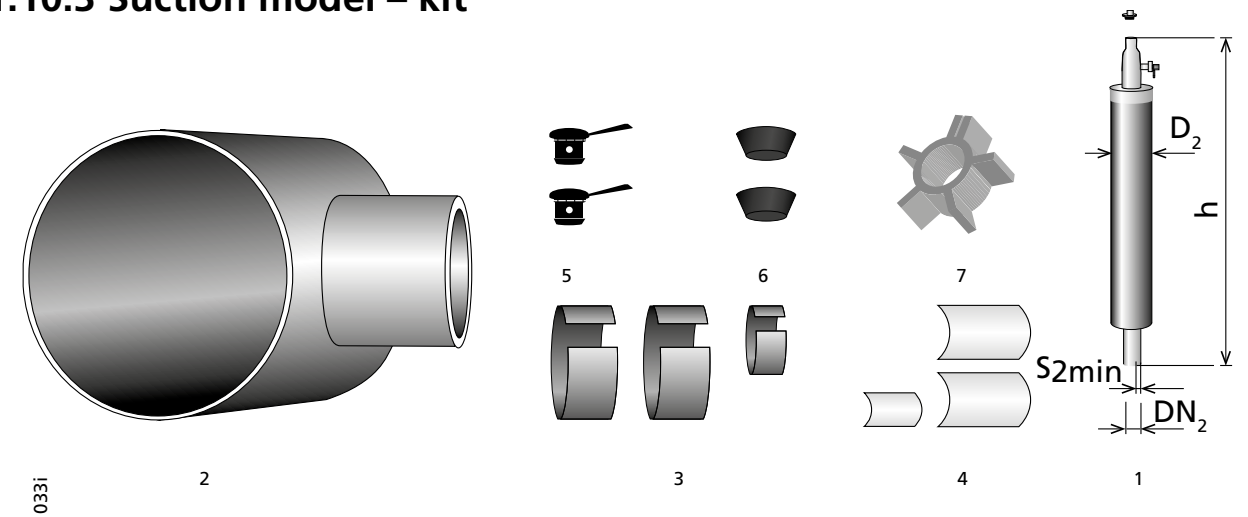


The values are meant for insulation class 1.

DN <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	s <sub>2min</sub> (mm)
25	90	7,1
32	110	7,1
40	140	5,6
50	160	7,1

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.10.3 Suction model – kit



### The kit comprises:

1. Valve 1 piece
  2. Saddle 1 piece
  3. Narrow shrinks sleeves 2+1 pieces
  4. Closing patches 2+1 pieces
  5. Venting plugs 2 pieces
  6. Welding plugs 2 pieces
  7. Centring ring 1 piece
- PUR components (quantity according to the dimensions)

The values are meant for insulation class 1.

DN <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	s <sub>2min</sub> (mm)	h (mm)
25	90	7,1	410
32	110	7,1	410
40	140	5,6	410
50	160	7,1	500

D<sub>2</sub> = valve casing diameter  
s<sub>2</sub> = pipe wall thickness

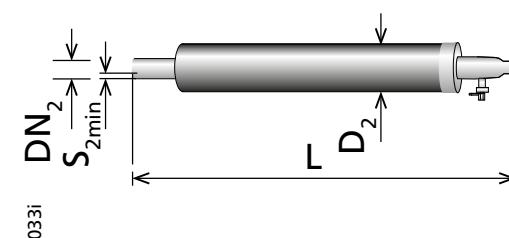
The drain / air relief valve kit is designed for on-site assembly. The drain and air relief parts of the valves are produced with an increased wall thickness compared to the thickness of standard pipes. Drain valves with a different wall-thickness, larger diameter, or different air relief or drain arm length can be supplied upon request. For installation, see 6.7.

### Valve Material:

- Service pipe: carbon steel P235 GH
- Ball and body: SIS 2333, AISI 304 - stainless steel
- Gasket: PTFE, carbon reinforced

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) D/A-V KIT (DN pipe dimension/casing diameter) / (DN air/drain valve dimension)  
Ex.: FTS 1 D/A-V KIT DN80/160 x DN20

## 1.10.4 Welded end valves

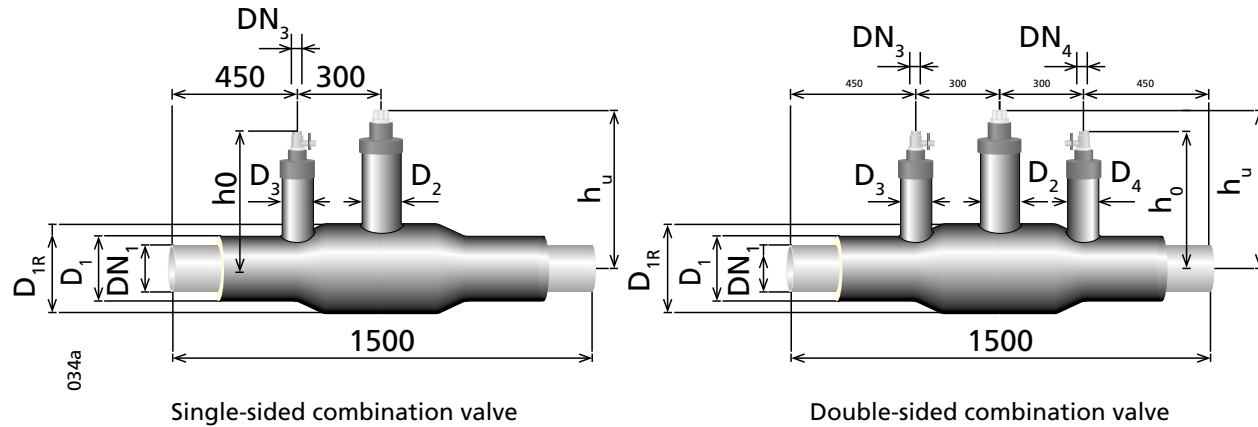


An air relief valve or drain valve welded on a pipe separately is available upon request. For dimensions and materials see Chapter 1.2.10.3.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) D/A-S (DN pipe dimension)/(casing diameter) (L= length)  
Ex.: FTS 1 D/A-S DN50/125 L=500 mm

# ABTER STEEL Standard

## 1.11 Combination valves



ABTER STEEL Standard combination valves are produced as ball valves with either single-sided or double-sided drain / air relief valves.

Combined drain / air relief valves in the DN 25 to 50 range are standard. We deliver a reduced flow-rate profile of the valve closing by default.

Stainless steel the drain and air relief parts of the valves are produced with an increased wall thickness compared to the thickness of standard pipes, for dimension and materials see Chapter 1.2.10.1.

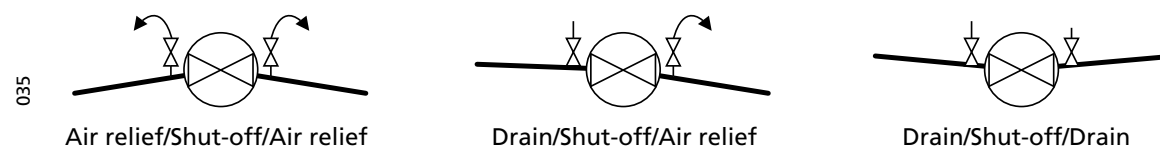
DN <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>1</sub> (mm)	D <sub>1R</sub> (mm)	h <sub>u</sub> (mm)	h <sub>o</sub> (mm)	D <sub>2</sub> (mm)
DN 25	90	110	480	450	110
DN 32	110	125	485	415	110
DN 40	110	125	495	405	110
DN 50	125	140	500	425	110
DN 65	140	160	504	430	110
DN 80	160	200	515	444	110
DN 100	200	225	525	458	140
DN 125	225	280	545	471	140
DN 150	250	315	565	488	140
DN 200	315	400	585	514	140
DN 250	400	500	613	540	200

DN <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>3min</sub>
DN <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	S <sub>4min</sub>
DN 25	90	7,1
DN 32	110	7,1
DN 40	110	5,6
DN 50	125	7,1

- Valve Material:**
- Valve body: carbon steel P235 GH
  - Ball and body: SIS 2333, AISI 304 - stainless steel
  - Gasket: PTFE, carbon reinforced
  - Upper part of spindle: SIS 2333, AISI 304 - stainless steel

Values in the table only apply for 1st class of insulation (DN) and only include dimensions DN 25, 32 and 40 for drain/air relief. Values given for larger dimensions and higher insulation classes available upon request.

Possible combinations of use:



# ABTER STEEL Standard

**Important note:**

When the combined valve is being welded into the pipeline, the valve must be in the open position so as not to damage its seal.

**Code:**

ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) COMBI V (DN shut-off valve dimension/casing diameter) x (one-sided: DN drain / air relief valve dimension)  
Ex.: FTS 1 COMBI V DN100/200 x DN32

or

ABTER STEEL Standard (insulation class) COMBI V (DN shut-off valve dimension /casing diameter) 2x (double-sided: DN drain / air relief valve dimensions, DN drain / air relief valve dimensions) Ex.: FTS 1 COMBI V DN80/160 2x DN32

## **2 ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro**

### **2 ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro**

#### **2.1 Technical specification**

#### **2.2 Pipes**

#### **2.3 Elbows**

#### **2.4 Other pre-insulated elements**

# ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro

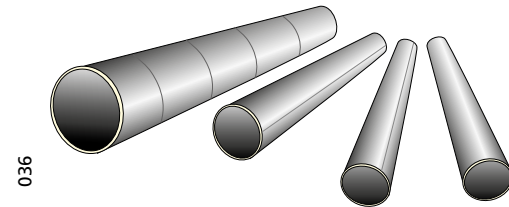
## 2.1 Technical Specification

### 2.1.1 Steel carrier pipe

The steel piping used in the ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro Casing system is made of longitudinally or helically welded pipes in compliance with the EN10217-1, EN10217-2, and EN10217-5 standards or, upon request, of seamless pipes in accordance with EN10216-2.

Material: P 235 GH, P 265 GH  
 Certification: EN 10204 - 3.1  
 Beveling: DIN 2559/22  
 Lengths: DN 25: L = 6 m  
 DN 32 - DN 80: L = 6 m, 12 m  
 DN 100 - DN 700: L = 6 m, 12 m, 16 m

Density: 7850 kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Modulus of elasticity: 2,06 · 10<sup>5</sup> N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Yield strength: 235 N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Tensile strength: 350 N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
 Heat conductivity: 46 - 54,5 W/mK  
 Thermal expansion coefficient: 1,2 · 10<sup>-5</sup> K<sup>-1</sup>

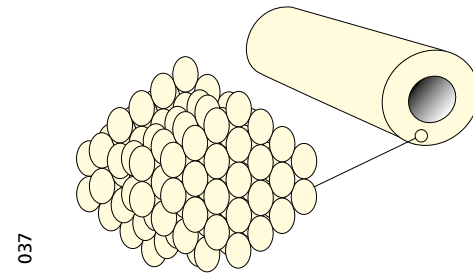


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### 2.1.2 Rigid PUR insulation

Rigid polyurethane foam (PUR) is produced by mixing polyalcohols (polyols) containing additives and isocyanates (MDI). The mixture is injected into pipes using a high-pressure foaming technique. Cyclopentane is used as the foaming agent. The PUR foam used in the ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro Casing system is CFC-free and meets the stringent requirements of European Standard EN 253.

Average cell size: ≤ 0,5 mm  
 Closed cell content: ≥ 88 %  
 Core density: ≥ 60 kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
 Compressive strength: ≥ 0,3 MPa  
 Water absorption: ≤ 10 %  
 Shear strength: ≥ 0,12 MPa  
 Thermal conductivity (+ 50°C): 0,026 W/mK

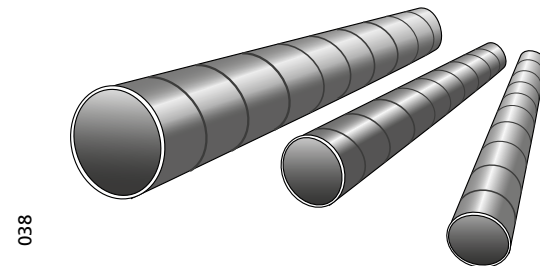


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### 2.1.3 Spiro casing pipe

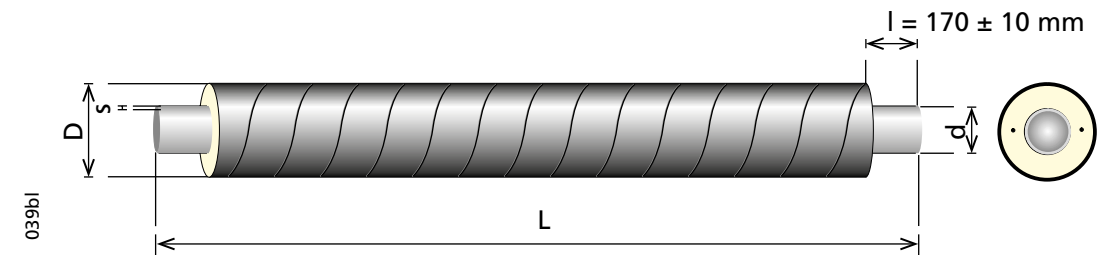
Spiro casing pipes are made of spiral overlaid steel zinc-coated sheets.

Other material is available upon request.



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# ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro 2.2.1 Pipes



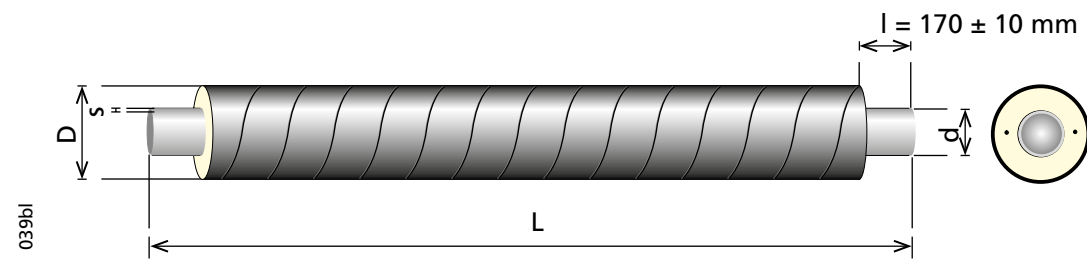
### Insulation class 1

DN	d . s (mm)	D (mm)	L (m)	Weight (kg/m)	Insulation thickness (mm)	Water volume (l/m)
25	33,7 . 2,6	80	6	3,4	23	0,64
32	42,4 . 2,6	110	6, 12	4,8	32	1,09
40	48,3 . 2,6	110	6, 12	5,2	30	1,46
50	60,3 . 2,9	125	6, 12	6,9	32	2,33
65	76,1 . 2,9	140	6, 12	8,4	31	3,88
80	88,9 . 3,2	160	6, 12	10,5	35	5,35
100	114,3 . 3,6	200	6, 12, 16	14,8	42	9,01
125	139,7 . 3,6	225	6, 12, 16	17,7	42	13,79
150	168,3 . 4,0	250	6, 12, 16	22,4	40	20,18
200	219,1 . 4,5	315	6, 12, 16	31,9	47	34,67
250	273,0 . 5,0	400	6, 12, 16	47,1	63	54,30
300	323,9 . 5,6	450	6, 12, 16	59,8	62	76,80
350	355,6 . 5,6	500	6, 12, 16	66,9	71	93,20
400	406,4 . 6,3	560	6, 12, 16	83,5	76	121,80
450	457,0 . 6,3	560	6, 12, 16	88,8	51	155,10
500	508,0 . 6,3	630	6, 12, 16	103,9	60	192,80
600	610,0 . 8,0	710	6, 12, 16	149,2	49	276,70
700	711,0 . 8,0	800	6, 12, 16	175,6	43	377,60

A standard casing pipe is made of spiral overlaid steel zinc-coated sheets. Pipes are available in other sizes upon special request.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro (insulation class) P (DN/casing diameter) Spiro (length) Ex.: FTSS 1 P DN100/200 Spiro 12m

## ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro



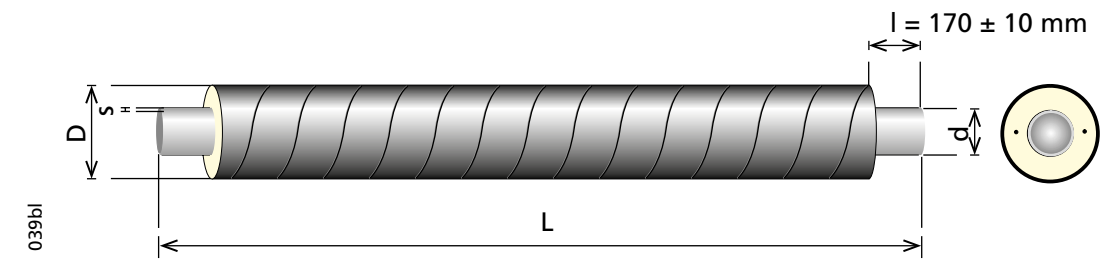
### Insulation class 2

DN	d . s (mm)	D (mm)	L (m)	Weight (kg/m)	Insulation thickness (mm)	Water volume (l/m)
25	33,7 . 2,6	110	6	4,3	38	0,64
32	42,4 . 2,6	125	6, 12	5,4	41	1,09
40	48,3 . 2,6	125	6, 12	5,8	38	1,46
50	60,3 . 2,9	140	6, 12	7,3	39	2,33
65	76,1 . 2,9	160	6, 12	9,0	41	3,88
80	88,9 . 3,2	180	6, 12	11,2	45	5,35
100	114,3 . 3,6	225	6, 12, 16	15,8	55	9,01
125	139,7 . 3,6	250	6, 12, 16	18,8	55	13,79
150	168,3 . 4,0	280	6, 12, 16	23,9	55	20,18
200	219,1 . 4,5	355	6, 12, 16	33,7	67	34,67
250	273,0 . 5,0	450	6, 12, 16	50,7	88	54,30
300	323,9 . 5,6	500	6, 12, 16	63,8	87	76,80
350	355,6 . 5,6	560	6, 12, 16	72,0	101	93,20
400	406,4 . 6,3	630	6, 12, 16	93,6	111	121,80
450	457,0 . 6,3	630	6, 12, 16	98,9	86	155,10
500	508,0 . 6,3	710	6, 12, 16	115,1	100	192,80
600	610,0 . 8,0	800	6, 12	163,5	94	276,74
700	711,0 . 8,0	900	6, 12	189,2	93	377,62

A standard casing pipe is made of spiral overlaid steel zinc-coated sheets.  
Pipes are available in other sizes upon special request.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro (insulation class) P (DN/casing diameter) Spiro (length) Ex.: FTSS 2 P DN100/225 Spiro 12m

## ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro



### Insulation class 3

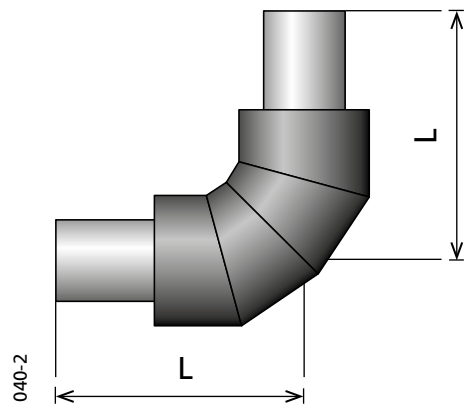
DN	d . s (mm)	D (mm)	L (m)	Weight (kg/m)	Insulation thickness (mm)	Water volume (l/m)
25	33,7 . 2,6	125	6	4,9	45	0,64
32	42,4 . 2,6	140	6, 12	5,9	48	1,09
40	48,3 . 2,6	140	6, 12	6,2	45	1,46
50	60,3 . 2,9	160	6, 12	8,0	49	2,33
65	76,1 . 2,9	180	6, 12	9,7	51	3,88
80	88,9 . 3,2	200	6, 12	12,0	55	5,35
100	114,3 . 3,6	250	6, 12, 16	16,9	67	9,01
125	139,7 . 3,6	280	6, 12, 16	20,3	70	13,79
150	168,3 . 4,0	315	6, 12, 16	25,4	73	20,18
200	219,1 . 4,5	400	6, 12, 16	39,4	90	34,67
250	273,0 . 5,0	500	6, 12, 16	54,6	113	54,30
300	323,9 . 5,6	560	6, 12, 16	68,8	117	76,80
350	355,6 . 5,6	630	6, 12	82,1	136	93,20
400	406,4 . 6,3	710	6, 12	100,5	151	121,80
450	457,0 . 6,3	710	6, 12	110,1	126	155,10
500	508,0 . 6,3	800	6, 12	129,4	145	192,80
600	610,0 . 8,0	900	6, 12	177,1	144	276,74

A standard casing pipe is made of spiral overlaid steel zinc-coated sheets.  
Pipes are available in other sizes upon special request.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro (insulation class) P (DN/casing diameter) Spiro (length) Ex.: FTSS 3 P DN100/250 Spiro 12m



# ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro 2.3 Elbows



The table shows the dimensions for a 90° angle in the first and second insulation classes.

DN	R (mm)	Insulation class 1	Insulation class 1
		L (mm)	L (mm)
25	112	250	330
32	130	335	350
40	150	340	370
50	190	380	390
65	232	440	450
80	274	480	485
100	340	545	550
125	190	430	425
150	229	460	465
200	305	535	540
250	381	605	610
300	457	675	680
350	533	760	775
400	610	845	850
450	686	920	940
500	762	1030	1035

Prefabricated insulated elbows are made in standard 90° angle.

For other sizes, insulation class, specific angle or bending radius R, please contact the ABTER STEEL technical department.

Lengths of the non-insulated pipe ends for small sizes of up to DN 50 are shorter than the lengths of straight pipes.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro (insulation class) E (DN/casing diameter) (angle) Spiro  
Ex.: FTSS 1 E DN40/110 90° Spiro

## 2.4 Other pre-insulated elements

We can supply pre-insulated valves, branches, reducers, and other fittings covered with Spiro casing upon request. Basic information about the ABTER STEEL Standard system can be used, while the actual dimensions and manufacturing options must be discussed in advance with the ABTER STEEL technical department.

## 3 ABTER STEEL Twins

- 3 ABTER STEEL Twins
- 3.1 Technical specification
- 3.2 Pipes
- 3.3 Elbows
- 3.4 T-branches
- 3.5 Change-pieces
- 3.6 Anchors
- 3.7 Shut-off valves
- 3.8 Drain/Air relief valves

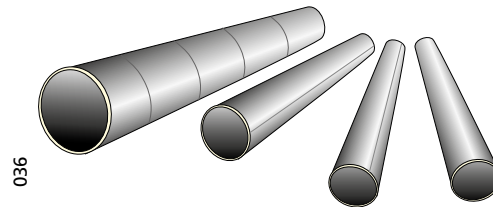
# ABTER STEEL Twins

## 3.1 Technical specification

### 3.1.1 Steel carrier pipe

The steel piping used in the ABTER STEEL Twins system is made of longitudinally or helically welded pipes in compliance with EN10217-1, EN10217-2, and EN10217-5 standards or, upon request, of seamless pipes in accordance with EN10216-2.

Material:	P 235 GH, P 265 GH	
Certification:	EN 10204 - 3.1	
Bevelling:	DIN 2559/22, ISO 6761	
Lengths:	DN 25:	L = 6 m
	DN 32 - DN 80:	L = 6 m, 12 m
	DN 100 - DN 250:	L = 6 m, 12 m, 16 m
Density:	7850 kg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Modulus of elasticity:	2,06 · 10 <sup>5</sup> N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
Yield strength:	235 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
Tensile strength:	350 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
Heat conductivity:	46 - 54,5 W/mK	
Thermal expansion coefficient:	1,2 · 10 <sup>-5</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>	

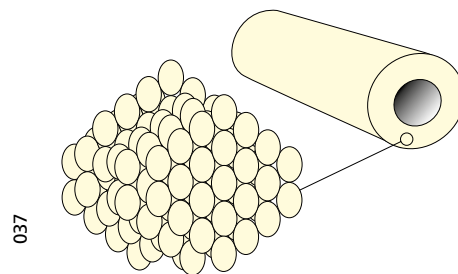


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### 3.1.2 Rigid PUR insulation

Rigid polyurethane foam (PUR) is produced by mixing polyalcohols (polyols) containing additives and isocyanates (MDI). The mixture is injected into pipes using a high-pressure foaming technique. Cyclopentane is used as the foaming agent. The PUR foam used in the ABTER STEEL Twins system is CFC-free and meets the stringent requirements of European Standard EN 253.

Average cell size:	≤ 0,5 mm
Closed cell content:	≥ 88 %
Core density:	≥ 60 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Compressive strength:	≥ 0,3 MPa
Water absorption:	≤ 10 %
Shear strength:	≥ 0,12 MPa
Thermal conductivity (+ 50°C):	0,026 W/mK

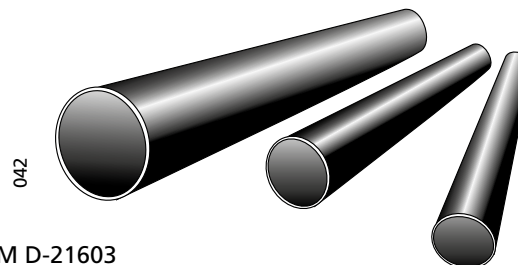


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### 3.1.3 PE-HD casing pipe

Material PE-HD (high-density polyethylene)

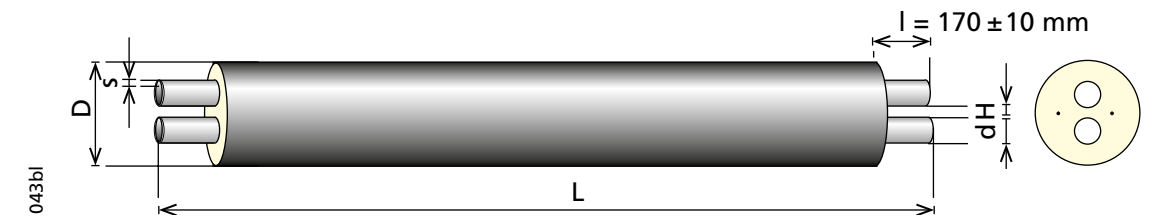
Dimensions:	EN 253
Material:	PE-HD
Density (+20°C):	~ 960 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Heat conductivity:	0,43W/mK
Thermal expansion coefficient:	1,8 · 10 <sup>-4</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>
Melt flow index (MFI 190/5):	0,2 to 1,4
Carbon black content:	2,5 ± 0,5 % ASTM D-21603
Elongation at break:	≥ 350% ISO R-292
Impact strength:	≥ 10 MJ/mm <sup>2</sup> ISO R-179
Tensile strength:	≥ 17 MPa ISO DIS 572B



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The material is protected against the effects of UV radiation

# ABTER STEEL Twins 3.2. Pipes



### Insulation classes 1 and 2

DN	d . s (mm)	D (mm)		L (m)	H (mm)	Weight (kg/m)	
		Insulation class 1	Insulation class 2			Insulation class 1	Insulation class 2
25 + 25	33,7 . 2,6	140	160	6, 12	19	6,2	6,7
32 + 32	42,4 . 2,6	160	180	6, 12	19	7,7	8,4
40 + 40	48,3 . 2,6	160	180	6, 12	19	8,4	9,1
50 + 50	60,3 . 2,9	200	225	6, 12	20	11,9	13,1
65 + 65	76,1 . 2,9	225	250	6, 12	20	14,9	16,3
80 + 80	88,9 . 3,2	250	280	6, 12	25	18,7	20,7
100 + 100	114,3 . 3,6	315	355	6, 12	25	27,5	30,7
125 + 125	139,7 . 3,6	400	450	6, 12, 16	30	36,6	41,4
150 + 150	168,3 . 4,0	450	500	6, 12, 16	40	47,4	54,0
200 + 200	219,1 . 4,5	560	630	6, 12, 16	45	71,2	81,7
250 + 250	273,0 . 5,0	710	800	6, 12, 16	45	102,4	123,1

Pipes can be manufactured in other lengths and dimensions upon special request.

Code: ABTER STEEL Twins (insulation class) P (DN/casing diameter) (length)

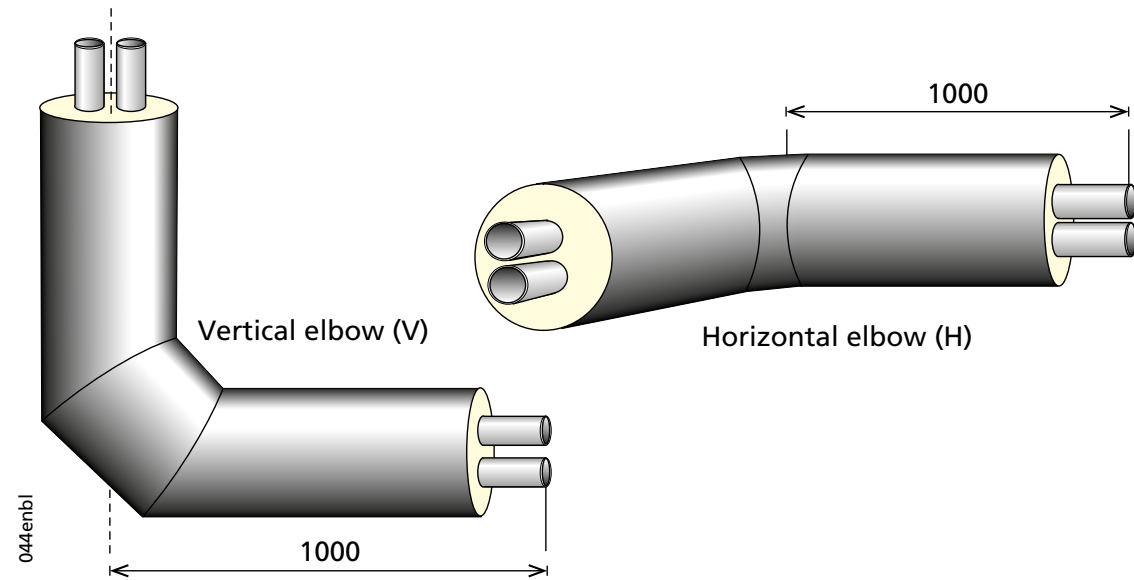
Ex.: FTT 1 P DN25 + 25/140 12m



# ABTER STEEL

## Twins 3.3 Elbows

### 3.3.1 Standard elbows



ABTER STEEL Twins elbows are manufactured in standard angle 90°. Elbows with other angles or manufacturing dimensions can be supplied upon special request.

The elbows are divided into horizontal and vertical types according to the pipe route deviation and standard pipe installation\* in the trench:

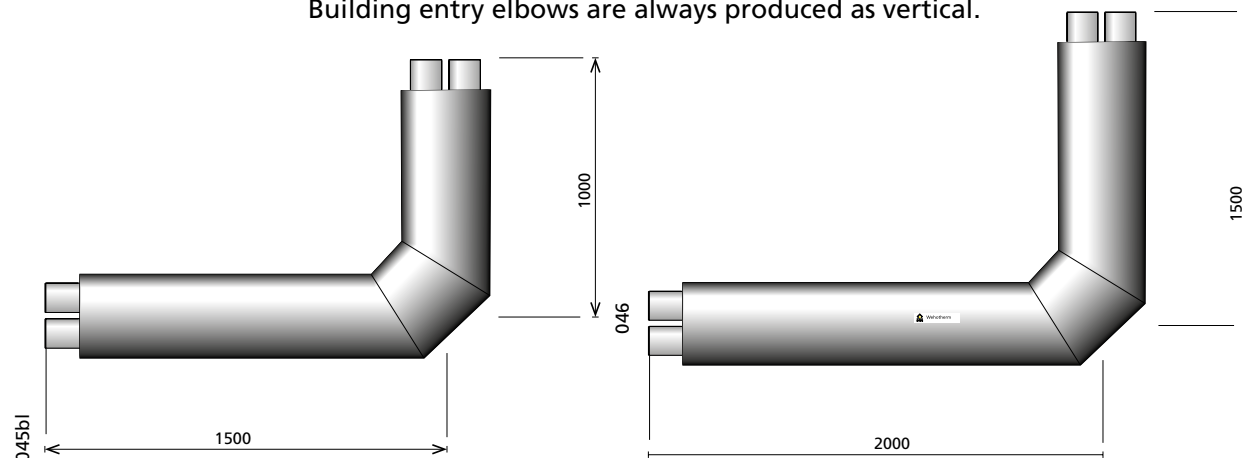
- a **horizontal elbow** is used when the route turns to the left or the right.
- a **vertical elbow** is used where height difference in the route is encountered.

\* The ABTER STEEL Twins system standard trench installation consists of the supply pipe at the bottom and the return pipe at the top (one pipe above the other).

Code: ABTER STEEL Twins (insulation class) E (DN/casing diameter) (H=horizontal or V=vertical elbow) (angle) Ex.: FTT 1 E DN65+65/225 H 45°

### 3.3.2 Building entry elbows

Building entry elbows are always produced as vertical.

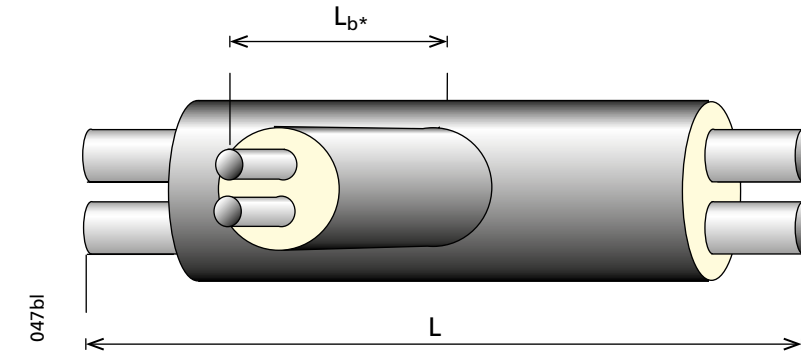


Code: ABTER STEEL Twins (insulation class) E (DN/casing diameter) (V=vertical) (L=arm longer dimension x arm shorter dimension) Ex.: FTT 1 E DN65+65/225 L=2,0x1,5m

# ABTER STEEL

## Twins 3.4 T-

### branches



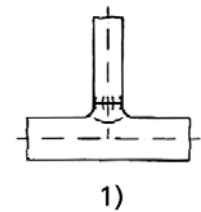
ABTER STEEL Twins T-branches are manufactured in the following dimensions:  
 DN 25 - DN 100: L = 1000 mm  $L_b = 1000$  mm  
 DN 125 - DN 250: L = 1200 mm  $L_b = 1000$  mm

\* Dimension  $L_b$  is taken from the centre of the casing pipe of the main route.

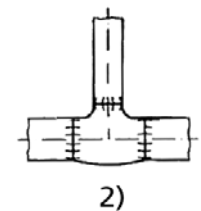
Code: ABTER STEEL Twins T (insulation class-DN main pipe dimension/casing diameter) X (insulation class- DN branch dimension/casing diameter)  
 Ex.: FTT T 1-DN80+80/250 x 1-DN32+32/160

### Implementation of the steel T-branch from the main route:

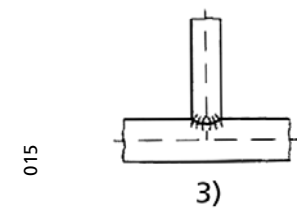
**1) Necked-Out (Collaring) T-branch Standard T-piece**  
 Standard design using the cold-forming method for the neck and the "V" weld. An advantage of this design is the higher overall strength of the "V" weld compared to a fillet weld, and better shape for the flow of the medium.



**2) Forged T-piece**  
 Welded forged T-pieces according to EN 10253-2 are used if there is a requirement for significantly higher strength or if the branch has the same dimension as the base.



**3) Welded tube fitting**  
 In exceptional cases, when it is not technologically possible to use another construction method for the branch, branching with a fillet weld is used. Construction with reinforcement is also possible.



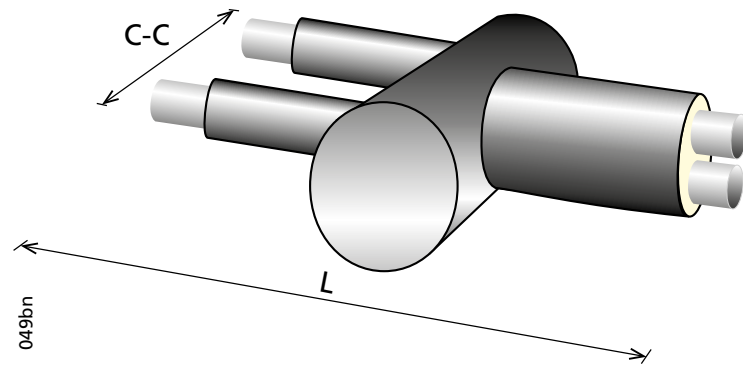
Most branches are also available with larger wall thicknesses for greater strength. It is recommended to consult the specific type and wall thickness with ABTER STEEL technical department concerning the wall thickness, or determining such requirement based on static strength calculations according to the specific conditions of the project.

# ABTER STEEL Twins

## 3.5 Change-pieces

### 3.5.1 Change-piece Y-model

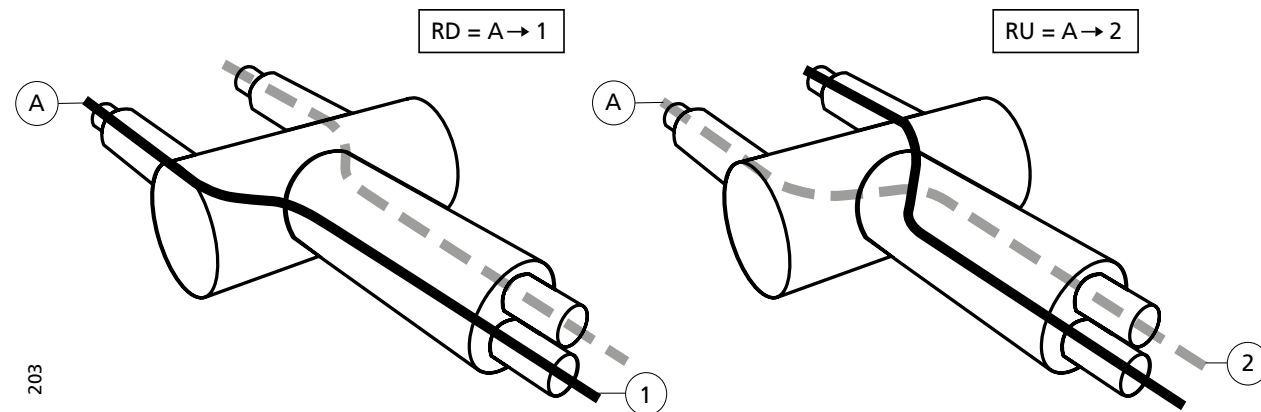
Change-piece Y-model are used to transfer from a ABTER STEEL Standard system to a dual ABTER STEEL Standard Twins system or vice versa.



DN	C-C (mm)	L (mm)
25	240	1500
32	240	1500
40	240	1500
50	275	1500
65	275	1500
80	380	1500
100	450	1500
125	450	1500
150	450	1500
200	550	2000

We can supply alternatives to the standard spacing (designated C-C) between the ABTER STEEL Standard pipes upon request.

When ordering, please indicate the direction of the transfer according to the following diagram:



Code: ABTER STEEL Twins CPY (insulation class-DN twin pipe/casing diameter) x (insulation class-DN/casing diameter) (direction of the transition)

Ex.: FTT CPY 1-DN40+40/160 x 1-DN40/110 RD

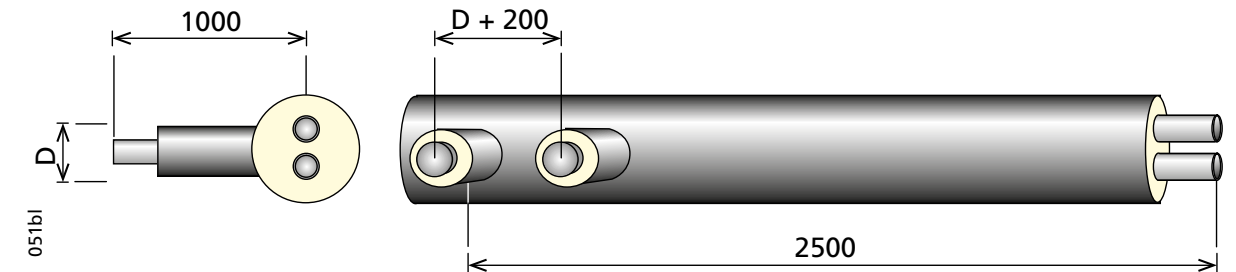
#### Important note:

The maximum distance from the change-piece Y-model of the ABTER STEEL Standard system to the nearest compensatory unit type (L, Z, U) must not exceed 12 m, taking into account the effect of expansion.

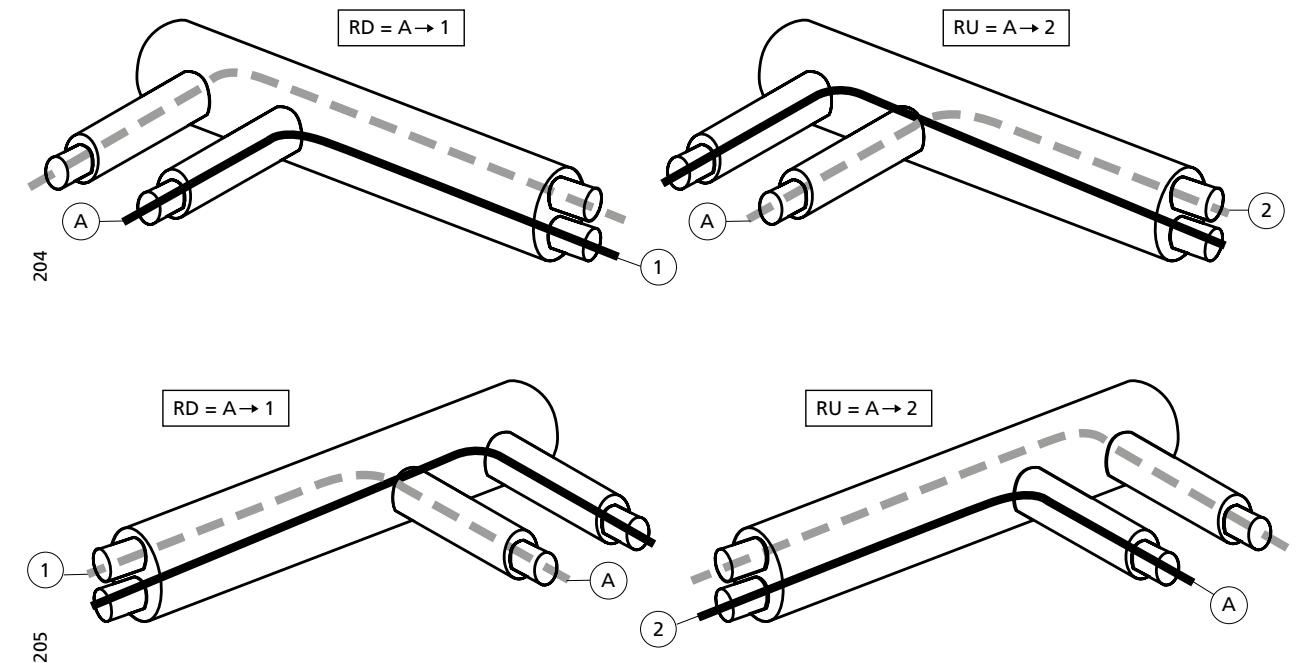
# ABTER STEEL Twins

## 3.5.2 Change-piece F-model

Change-pieces F-model are used to transfer from ABTER STEEL Standard system to the ABTER STEEL Twins system or vice versa. It is therefore very important to indicate the desired direction of the transfer and the direction of the turn of the change-piece F-model.



To determine the direction of the transfer and of the turn for a specific route, use the following diagram.



Code: ABTER STEEL Twins CPF (insulation class-DN twin pipe/casing diameter) x (insulation class-DN/casing diameter) (direction of the transfer)

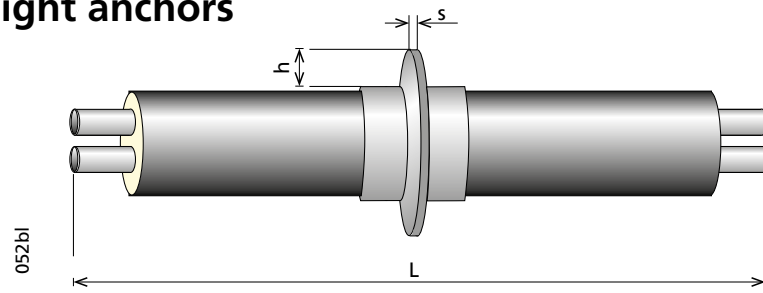
Ex.: FTT CPF 1-DN40+40/160 x 1-DN40/110 RD

#### Important note:

The maximum distance from the change-piece F-model of the ABTER STEEL Standard system to the nearest compensatory unit type (L, Z, U) must not exceed 12 m, taking into account the effect of expansion.

# ABTER STEEL

## Twins 3.6 Anchors 3.6.1 Straight anchors



DN	L (m)	s (mm)	S (cm <sup>2</sup> )	
			Insulation class 2	Insulation class 3
25 + 25	2	20	337	371
32 + 32	2	20	371	406
40 + 40	2	20	371	406
50 + 50	3	20	440	484
65 + 65	3	25	484	526
80 + 80	3	25	526	579
100 + 100	3	25	639	708
125 + 125	3	30	786	872
150 + 150	3	35	872	958
200 + 200	3	35	1062	1183

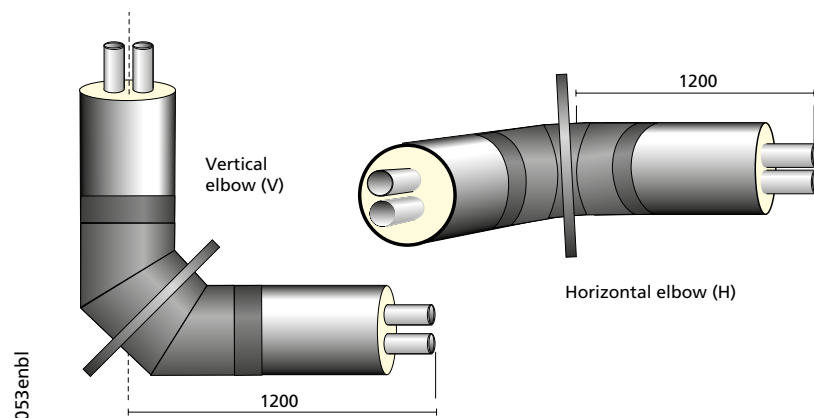
h = 55 mm, S = area of anchor plate outside the casing  
s = anchor plate thickness

The anchors are designed to be embedded into reinforced concrete blocks. It may also be attached to supporting structures (e.g. welded to steel supports).

Code: ABTER STEEL Twins (insulation class) AP (DN/casing diameter)  
Ex.: FTT 1 AP DN80+80/250

## 3.6.2 Elbow anchors

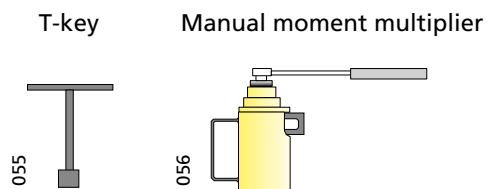
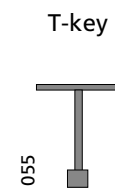
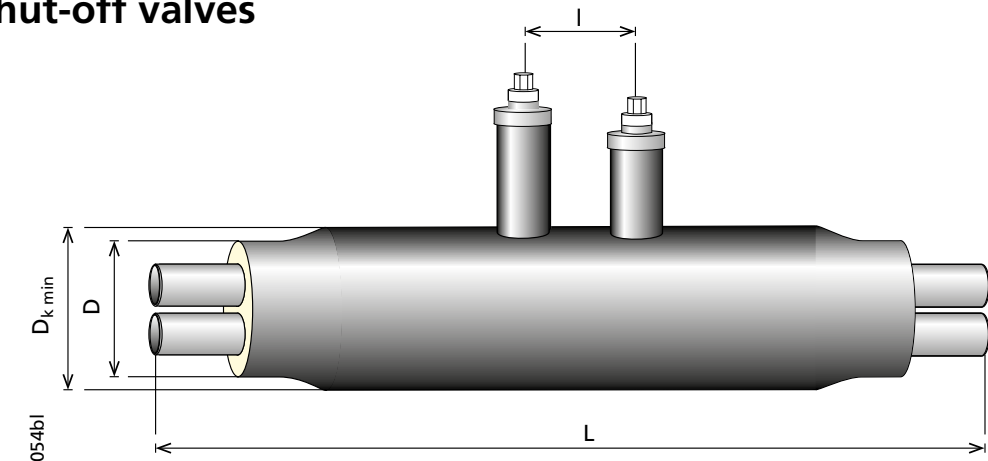
ABTER STEEL Twins elbow anchors are manufactured with both arms of equal length. The dimensions of the anchor plates are similar to those of the anchors (see 3.2.6).



Code: ABTER STEEL Twins (insulation class) EA (DN/casing diameter) (H =horizontal or V = vertical) Ex.: FTT 1 EA DN65+65/225 H

# ABTER STEEL Twins

## 3.7 Shut-off valves



Based on the customer's request, valves are controlled either manually with a T-key (for dimensions of DN25 - 150), through a manual moment multiplier, or with a complete valve with gearbox (for dimensions of DN 200 - DN 250).

DN	L (mm)	I (mm)	D (mm)		D <sub>k min</sub> (mm)	
			Insulation class 1	Insulation class 2	Insulation class 1	Insulation class 2
25 + 25	1700	300	140	160	160	180
32 + 32	1700	300	160	180	180	200
40 + 40	1700	300	160	180	180	200
50 + 50	1700	300	200	225	225	250
65 + 65	1700	400	225	250	250	280
80 + 80	1700	400	250	280	280	315
100 + 100	1700	400	315	355	355	400
125 + 125	2000	430	400	450	450	500
150 + 150	2000	470	450	500	500	560
200 + 200	2500	630	560	630	630	710

ABTER STEEL Twins shut-off valves DN 20 - DN 250 are manufactured only as long spindle ball

valves. **Valve Material:**

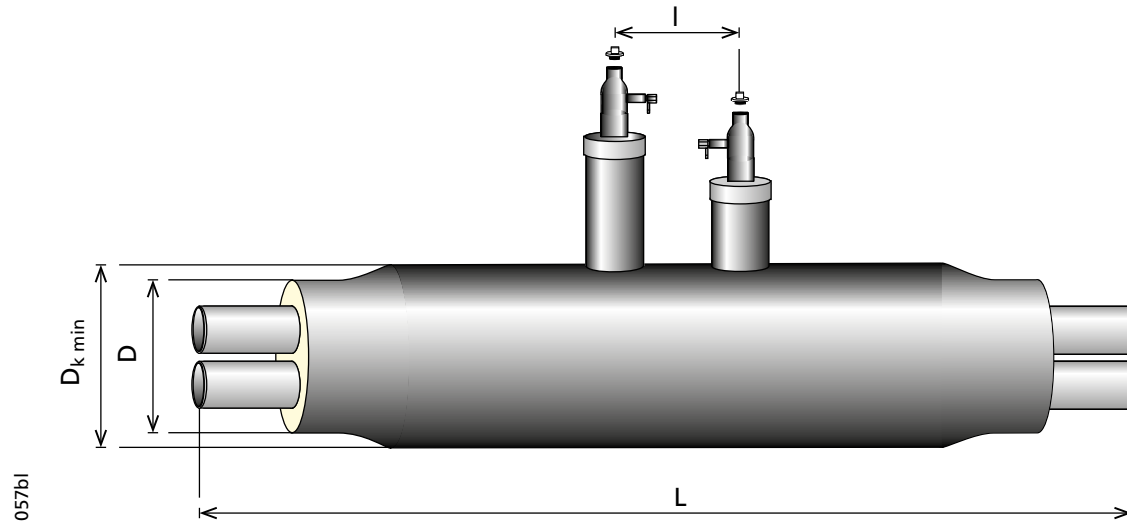
- Valve body: carbon steel
- Ball and body: SIS 2333, AISI 304 (stainless steel)
- Gasket: PTFE, carbon reinforced
- Upper part of spindle: SIS 2333, AISI304 - stainless steel

Code: ABTER STEEL Twins (insulation class) S-V (DN/casing diameter)  
Ex.: FTT 1 S-V DN80+80/250

A combined version of the shut-off valve with the air relief or drain valve can be supplied upon request.

# ABTER STEEL Twins

## 3.8 Drain/Air relief valves



DN	L (mm)	l (mm)	D (mm)		D <sub>k min</sub> (mm)	
			Insulation class 1	Insulation class 2	Insulation class 1	Insulation class 2
25 + 25	1700	300	140	160	160	180
32 + 32	1700	300	160	180	180	200
40 + 40	1700	300	160	180	180	200
50 + 50	1700	300	200	225	225	250
65 + 65	1700	400	225	250	250	280
80 + 80	1700	400	250	280	280	315
100 + 100	1700	400	315	355	355	400
125 + 125	2000	400	400	450	450	500
150 + 150	2000	400	450	500	500	560
200 + 200	2500	500	560	630	630	710

The drain and air relief parts of the valves from DN 25 to DN 50 are produced with an increased wall thickness compared to the thickness of standard pipes, for dimension see Chapter 1.2.10.1.

### Valve Material:

- Service pipe: carbon steel P235 GH
- Ball and body: SIS 2333, AISI 304 (stainless steel)
- Gasket: PTFE, carbon reinforced

Code: ABTER STEEL Twins (insulation class) D/A-V (DN pipe dimension/casing diameter) x (DN air/drain valve dimension)

Ex.: FTT 1 D/A-V DN80+80/250 x DN25

A combined version of the shut-off valve with the air relief or drain valve can be supplied upon request.

## 4 ABTER STEEL Special

- 4 ABTER STEEL Special
- 4.1 ABTER STEEL Special PP-RCT
  - 4.1.1 Technical specification
  - 4.1.2 Pipes
  - 4.1.3 Elbows
  - 4.1.4 T-branches
  - 4.1.5 Modular reducers

## 4 ABTER STEEL Special

In addition to the standard ABTER STEEL systems, we can offer other pre-insulated pipe systems in accordance to specific customer requirements. In terms of technology, these systems are similar and they only differ in using other/different material for the carrier pipe.

### Conveyance pipes

The material for carrying pipes and pipes for the chemical industry is selected according to the specific application. The following suitable materials are available:

- Steel
- Stainless steel
- Acid-resistant steel
- Galvanised steel
- Copper
- Polyethylene (PE 100)
- Polypropylene (PPR)
- Polybutene (PB)
- Glass-fibre laminates
- PEX
- Cast iron

### Casing

The casing protects the insulation against moisture and damage and effectively protects the pipes against corrosion. The casing of underground pipes must be watertight.

When selecting the casing, a suitable material for the specific installation must be taken into account, such as:

- Polyethylene: for underground installation or also for above-ground installation (provided that the cross-linked joints are used)
- Steel-zinc coated or aluminium spiral overlaid sheet (Spiro casing) for above-ground installation
- Steel-zinc coated or aluminium spiral overlaid sheet coated with PVC foil for above-ground installation
- Plastic-coated steel for demanding applications

### Insulation

PUR foam is used as standard as in the previous types of pipelines for transporting liquids or gases at temperatures to 142°C. For higher temperatures, pipes containing polyurethane foam with enhanced temperature resistance of up to 165°C are available.

## 4.1 ABTER STEEL Special PP-RCT

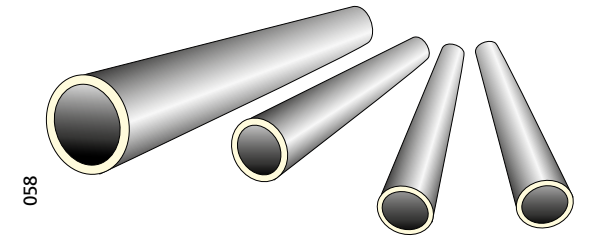
### 4.1.1 Technical specification

#### 4.1.1.1 Polypropylene carrier pipe

The carrier pipes are made of polypropylene PP-RCT.

Density:	905 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yield strength:	25 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Modulus of elasticity:	900 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Thermal conductivity:	0,24 W/mK
Thermal expansion coefficient:	1,5 · 10 <sup>-4</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>

Tested for drink water

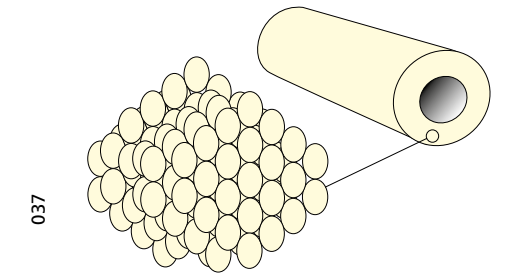


With a maximum working temperature of 70°C and maximum working overpressure of 1 MPa the pipe has a service life of 25 years. For higher operating parameters, please consult the ABTER STEEL technical department.

#### 4.1.1.2 Rigid PUR insulation

The rigid polyurethane foam (PUR) is produced by mixing polyalcohols (polyols) containing additives and isocyanates (MDI). The mixture is injected into pipes using a high-pressure foaming technique. The PUR foam used in the ABTER STEEL Special PP-RCT - HDPE system is CFC-free and meets the stringent requirements of European Standard EN 253.

Average cell size:	≤ 0,5 mm
Closed cell content:	≥ 88 %
Core density:	≥ 60 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Compressive strength:	≥ 0,3 MPa
Shear strength:	≥ 0,12 MPa
Thermal conductivity (+ 50°C):	0,026 W/mK

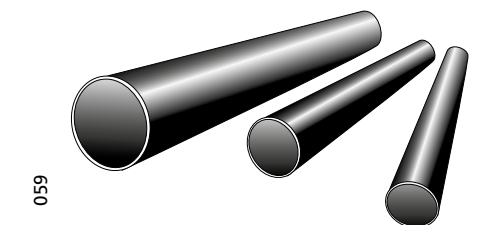


#### 4.1.1.3 PE-HD casing pipe

Material PE-HD (Polyethylene, high density)

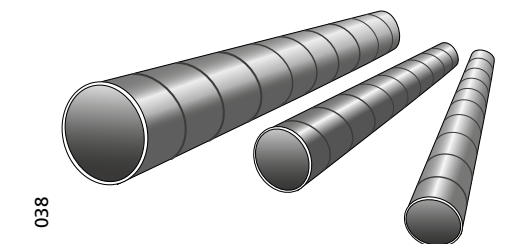
Density (+20°C):	~ 960 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Thermal conductivity:	0,43 W/mK
Thermal expansion coefficient:	1,8 · 10 <sup>-4</sup> K <sup>-1</sup>

See Chapter 1.1.3



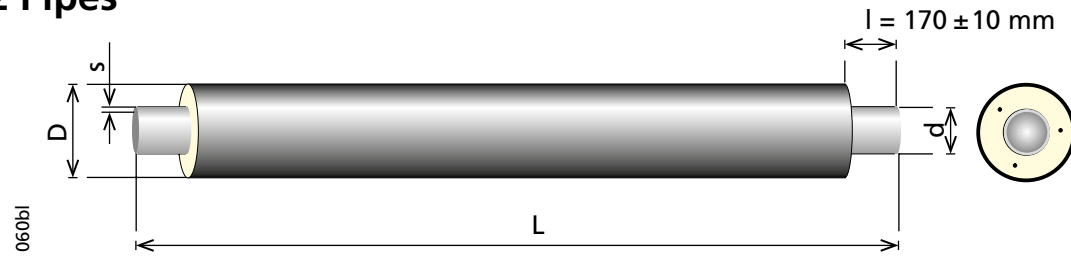
#### 4.1.1.4 Spiro casing pipe

Spiro casing pipes are made of spiral overlaid mechanical deep-drawing steel zinc-coated sheets. Other material is available upon request.



# ABTER STEEL Special PP-RCT

## 4.1.2 Pipes



### Insulation class 1

d (mm)	s (mm)	D (mm)	L (m)	Weight (kg/m)	Insulation thickness (mm)	Water volume (l/m)
32	4,4	90	6	1,6	26	0,4
40	5,5	110	6	2,2	32	0,7
50	6,9	110	6	2,4	27	1
63	8,6	125	6	3,1	28	1,6
75	10,3	140	6	3,9	30	2,3
90	12,3	160	6	5,1	32	3,4
110	15,1	180	6	7	32	5
125	17,1	225	6	9,6	47	6,5
160	14,6	250	6	10,8	41	13,4
200	18,2	315	6	16,6	53	21
250	22,7	400	6	26	70	32,9

### Insulation class 2

d (mm)	s (mm)	D (mm)	L (m)	Weight (kg/m)	Insulation thickness (mm)	Water volume (l/m)
32	4,4	110	6	2,1	36	0,4
40	5,5	125	6	2,6	40	0,7
50	6,9	125	6	2,8	35	1
63	8,6	140	6	3,5	36	1,6
75	10,3	160	6	4,6	40	2,3
90	12,3	180	6	5,8	42	3,4
110	15,1	200	6	7,6	42	5
125	17,1	250	6	10,8	59	6,5
160	14,6	280	6	12,4	56	13,4
200	18,2	355	6	19,3	73	21
250	22,7	450	6	30,2	95	32,9

\* If requested , please consult possibility of 12 m length pipes delivery , with ABTER STEEL sales representatives.

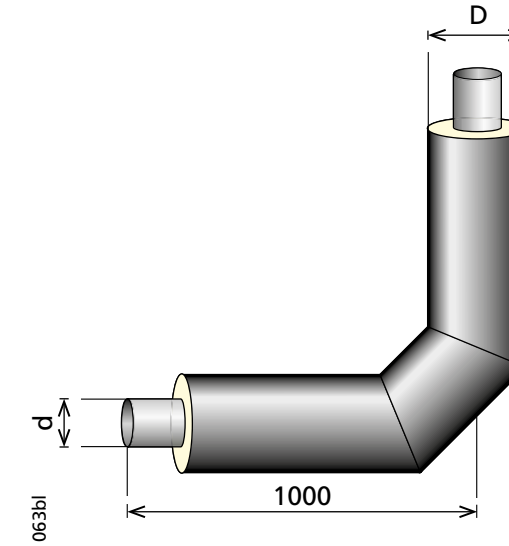
Pipes are supplied in the PN20 pressure range. With the maximum working temperature of 70°C and maximum working overpressure of 1 MPa, the pipe has a service life of 25 years. For higher operating parameters, please consult the ABTER STEEL technical department.

Pipes can be manufactured in different sizes and insulation thicknesses upon special request.

Code: FTS PP-RCT P (d carrier pipe outer diameter) / (casing pipe outer diameter) (length)  
Ex.: FTS PP-RCT 1 P d63 / 125 6 m

# ABTER STEEL Special PP-RCT

## 4.1.3 Elbows



Prefabricated insulated elbows. For more details on dimensions, please contact us.

ABTER STEEL Special PP-RCT prefabricated insulated elbows are manufactured in the following angles: d32 - d63: 90° d75 - d110: 90° (supplied with a butt weld; other angles upon special request.)

Prefabricated insulated elbows. For more details on dimensions, please contact us.

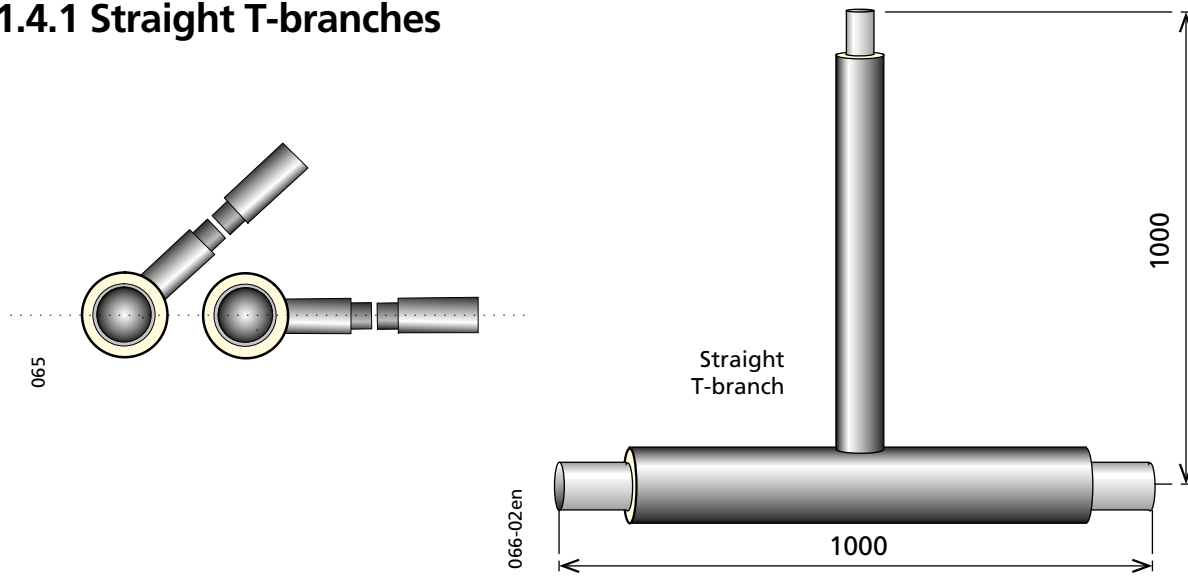
Code: FTS PP-RCT (insulation class) E (d dimension of FTS PP-RCT carrier pipe/casing diameter) (angle)  
Ex.: FTS PP-RCT 1 E d40/110 90°



# ABTER STEEL Special PP-RCT

## 4.1.4 T-branches

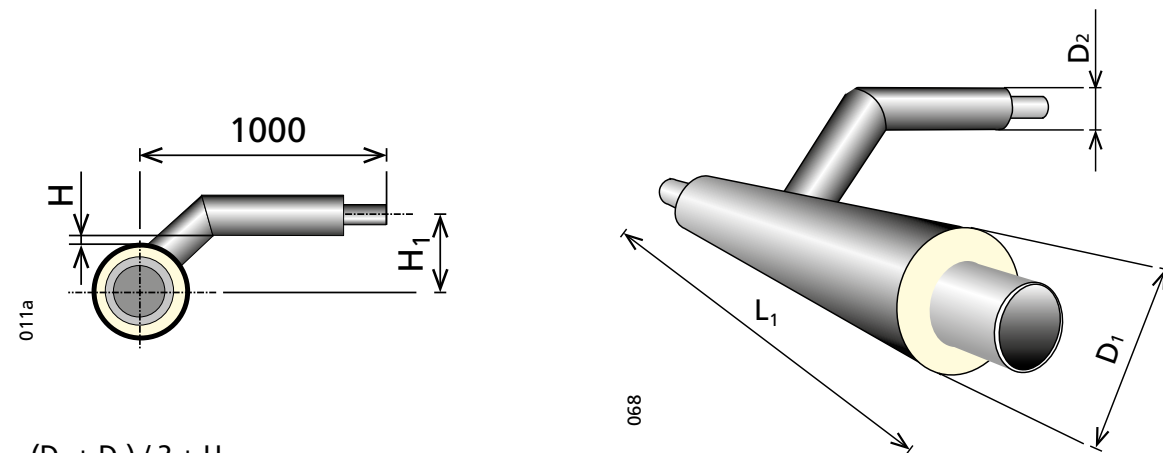
### 4.1.4.1 Straight T-branches



For more details on dimensions, please contact us.  
Spiro casing can be supplied, as an option.

Code: FTS PP-RCT (insulation class) S-T (d dimension of FTS PP-RCT pipe/casing diameter) x (d dimension of FTS PP-RCT branch dimension/casing diameter)  
Ex.: FTS PP-RCT 1 S-T d110/180 x d75/140

### 4.1.4.2 Elevation T-branches



$$H_1 = (D_1 + D_2) / 2 + H$$

$D_1, D_2$  - diameter of the casing of the main pipe and the branch piece

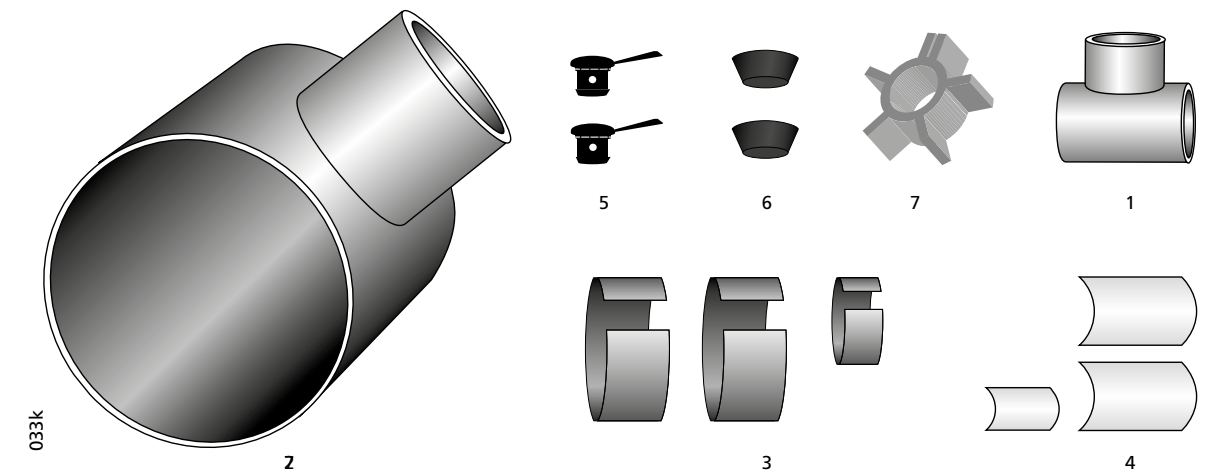
H=35 mm distance between the surfaces of the casing pipes

For more details on dimensions, please contact us.  
Spiro casing can be supplied, as an option.

Code: FTS PP-RCT (insulation class) E-T (d dimension of FTS PP-RCT carrier pipe/ casing diameter) x (d diameter of FTS PP-RCT branch/ casing diameter)  
Ex.: FTS PP-RCT 1 E-T d75/140 x d40/110

# ABTER STEEL Special PP-RCT

## 4.1.4.3 Straight T-branch kit



The kit comprises:

- |   |            |
|---|------------|
| 1. Branch   | 1 piece    |
| 2. Saddle   | 1 piece    |
| 3. Narrow shrink sleeves                                | 2+1 pieces |
| 4. Closing patches                                      | 2+1 pieces |
| 5. Venting plugs  | 2 pieces   |
| 6. Welding plugs  | 2 pieces   |
| 7. Centring ring  | 1 piece    |
| - PUR components (quantity according to the dimensions) |            |

For installation instruction, see Chapter 6.7.

Code: FTS PP-RCT T-kit ST (d dimension of FTS PP-RCT pipe/casing diameter) / (d dimension of FTS PP-RCT branch dimension/casing diameter)  
Ex.: FTS PP-RCT 1 T-kit ST d75/140 x d32/90

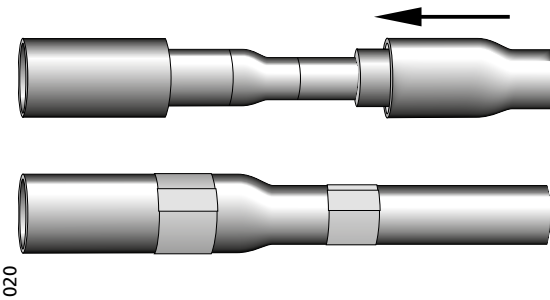
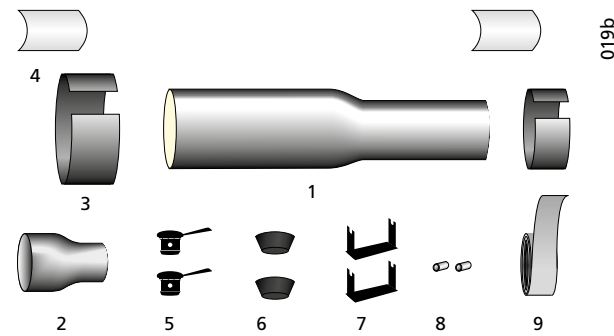
# ABTER STEEL Special PP-RCT

## 4.1.5 Modular reducers

The reduction kits (for installation in joints) are offered as standard shrinkable version. The advantage of the shrinkable modular reduction kit is that there are two independent systems for sealing a reduced joint.

### The kit comprises:

- |                                       |          |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| 1. PE shrinkable casing reducer       | 1 piece  |
| 2. PP-RCT reducer                     | 1 piece  |
| 3. Narrow shrink sleeves              | 2 pieces |
| 4. Closing patches                    | 2 pieces |
| 5. Venting plugs                      | 2 pieces |
| 6. Welding plugs                      | 2 pieces |
| 7. Electrical wire supports           | 2 pieces |
| 8. Electrical wire connectors         | 2 pieces |
| 9. Sealing tape                       |          |
| - PUR components                      |          |
| quantity according to the dimensions) |          |



The PE casing reducer is placed over the smaller casing pipe prior to installation of PPR reducer.

The subsequent installation procedure of the shrinkable modular reduction kit is similar to the installation procedure for the DSJ double-sealed shrinkable joint.

### Shrinkable version:

Code: FTS PP-RCT DSJ-SRK (PE larger casing diameter/smaller casing diameter)  
PPR Reducer (larger d/smaller d)  
Ex.: FTS PP-RCT DSJ-SRK PE160/140  
PPR Reducer d110/d63

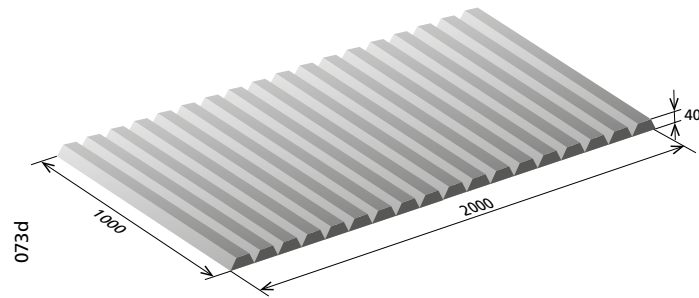
## 5 Accessories

- 5.1 Expansion polyethylene profile pads
- 5.2 Channel rubbers
- 5.3 Marking tapes
- 5.4 Joints
- 5.5 End sealing of insulation
- 5.6 End fitting kit
- 5.7 Connection pipe
- 5.8 Tapping valve
- 5.9 Polyethylene valve wells
- 5.10 Valve spindle extender
- 5.11 Leakage detection system



# Accessories

## 5.1 Expansion polyethylene profile pads



Expansion polyethylene profile pads allow the thermal expansion of pre-insulated pipes installed in the ground. They have to be used at bends, branches, reducers, valves, and end fittings. Material of expansion polyethylene profile pads is cross-linked Polyethylene, which has a long service life because it has increased resistance to the effects of soil moisture and chemicals.

The profile pads (2x1 m) are cut on-site to the required size according to the outer diameter of the pipes to be sheathed.

Multi layers of expansion pads can be used if it is necessary to handle larger expansion and according to the type of soil, and at the same time it is necessary to sheathe the pipes so as to avoid the accumulation of heat on the pipe casing.

In the case of pre-heating, the pre-insulated pipes are covered on both sides.

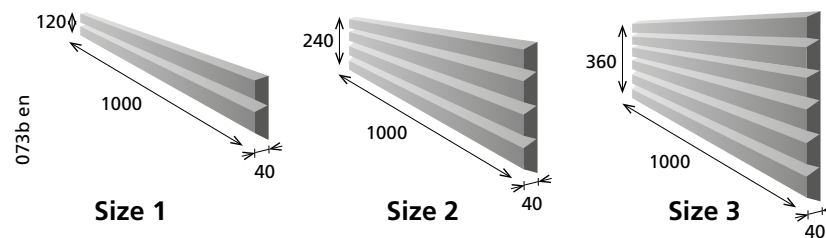
**Density:**  $30 \pm 4 \text{ kg/m}^3$

**Water absorption:** vol.%  $\leq 1,9$

Compressibility 10% at compression of 16 kPa = 4 mm  
 Compressibility 25 % at compression of 35 kPa= 10 mm  
 Compressibility 50 % at compression of 80 kPa= 20 mm

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard FPP (length) x (height) x (width)  
 Ex.: FTS FPP 2000x1000x40

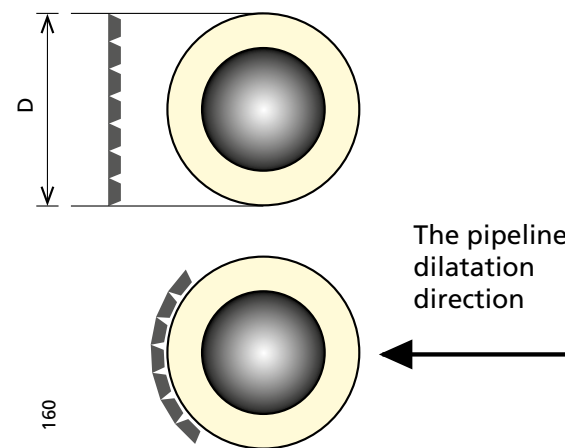
For up to DN 250, we provide pre-cut profiled board segments in the following sizes:



Casing diameter (mm)	Size of cut segments
90 - 140	1
160 - 225	2
250 - 315	3

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard FPP (length) x (height) x (width) Ex.:

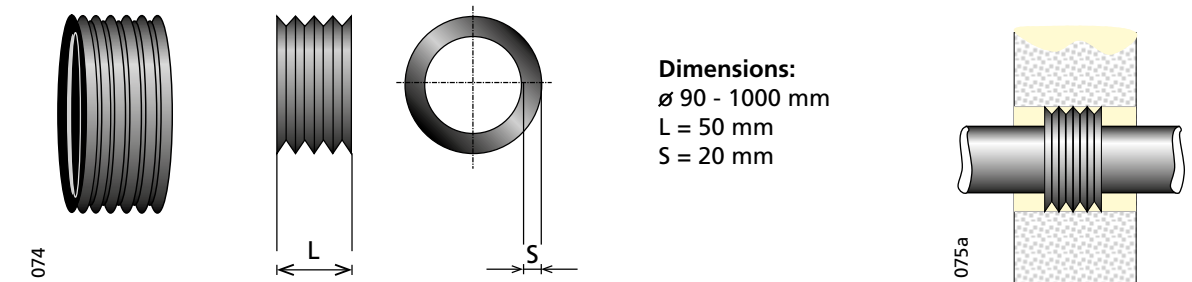
- Size 1: FTS FPP 1000x120x40
- Size 2: FTS FPP 1000x240x40
- Size 3: FTS FPP 1000x360x40



# Accessories

## 5.2 Channel rubbers

### 5.2.1 Channel rubbers



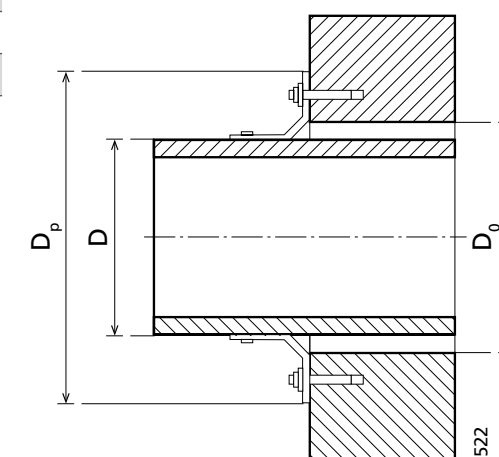
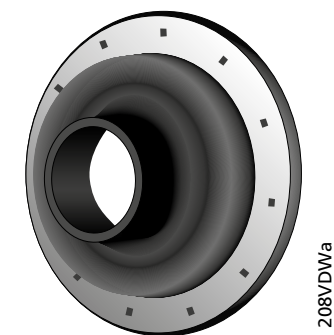
The channel rubber is placed around the casing pipe prior to welding and casting the wall entry. The channel rubber is usually situated in the wall entry and functions as a watertight seal. If the wall thickness is greater than 300 mm, we recommend installing two channel rubbers.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard CR (outer casing diameter)  
 Ex.: FTS CR 180

### 5.2.2 VDW seal

The seal of VDW type is designed to transfer large radial and axial piping movements of up to +/- 40 mm. It is used for sleeves with diameters from 75 to 800 mm and a maximum permanent operating temperature of up to 120°C. It was tested and certified by the MFPA Leipzig testing body, up to the water pressure of 0.5 bar. The seal is made of EPDM elastomer.

Outer pipe diameter D (mm)	Max. opening/ duct diameter D <sub>o</sub> (mm)	Outer diameter of flange D <sub>p</sub> (mm)
75-90-110	150/200	350
125-140-160	200/250	400
180-200-225	300	450
250-280-315	350/400	565
355-400	450/500	650
450-500	550/600	750
560-630	650/700	880
670	800	1050
710-800	800/900	1050



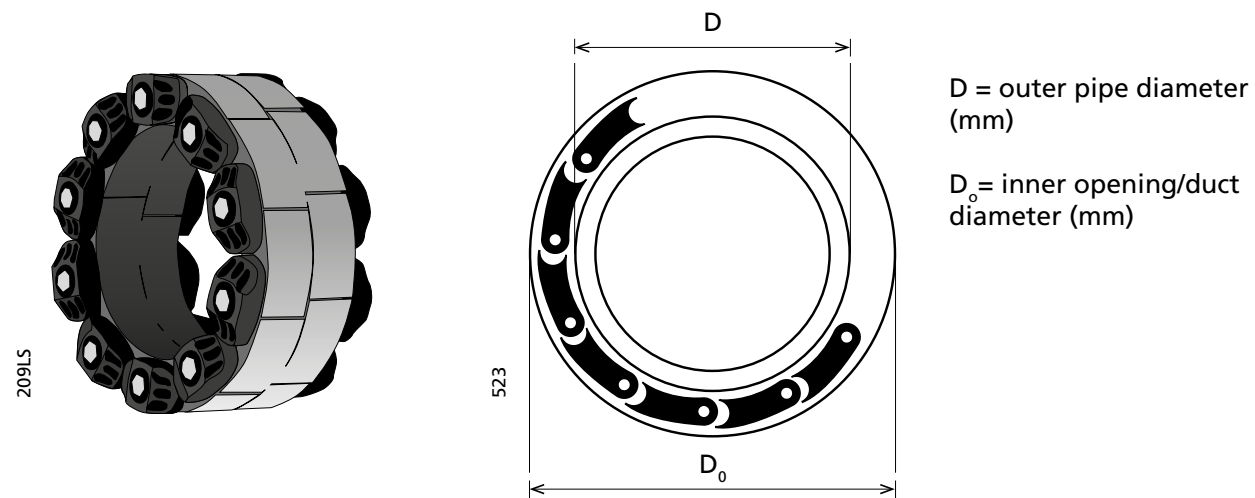
Name: ABTER STEEL Standard VDW (outer pipe diameter) E.g.: FTS VDW 75-90-110

## Accessories

### 5.2.3 Link seal

The Link Seal bushing prevents moisture, pressurized water (up to 5 bar) and gases from entering the building. It is therefore suitable for complicated conditions where the required characteristics include hydrostatic tightness (e.g. high groundwater level) or gas tightness (gases in the soil) of the passage. However, this bushing only allows for minimal axial and radial dilatations, which must be taken into account when the new route is designed. By default, version "BS" is supplied, made of EPDM rubber and stainless steel screws.

The specific type of bushing (number of segments) is determined by a ABTER STEEL representative, based on the available data concerning the outer diameter of the pipe and the inner diameter of the opening/duct.



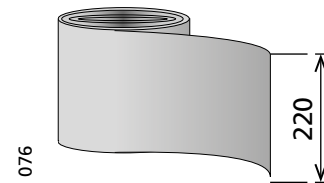
Name: ABTER STEEL Standard LS (outer pipe diameter D / inner opening diameter  $D_0$ ) E.g.: FTS LS 200/250

### 5.3 Marking tape

Marking tape is supplied in rolls.

Green as standard, but other colours may be available upon request

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard MT (Length in m) Ex.: FTS MT 216 m



7 / 2019

For the latest technical information see our websites [www.ABTERSTEEL.COM](http://www.ABTERSTEEL.COM)

## Accessories

### 5.4 Joints

Joints are used for the insulation of a pipeline in the welded areas of the carrier pipes, connecting its individual segments. The joints have dual functionality: they protect the PUR insulation against mechanical damage and prevent moisture from entering. Selecting the right type of joints significantly influences the quality and service life of the pipe system.

Provided that the installation procedures are followed carefully, all joints offered are suitable for sandy, clay, dry, and wet soil and meet the requirements of EN 489.

All materials required for joint installation, including components for the production of polyurethane foam, which comes in bottles, cans, or in the form of prefabricated parts, are provided as standard. To achieve the highest quality of joints for larger dimensions and the correct mechanical and thermal insulating properties, ABTER STEEL offer mechanical foaming of these joints directly on-site.

Types of joints according to their technical performance and application:

#### DSJ double-sealed shrinkable joints

are suitable for most applications and this is the most commonly used joint type. Two independent seal systems prevent moisture from entering the PUR insulation.



#### Spiro Spoj

The joints are made of spiral overlaid steel zinc-coated sheets, being UV resistant and designed primarily for above-ground spiro-casing piping systems.



#### JT electrically weldable shrinkable joints

are suitable for the most demanding conditions with the least favourable load, or for sites with ground water.



#### Extrusion longitudinally weldable electric joint MITTEL

High-quality and durable electrically weldable joint Mittel is suitable not only for implementation of new pipelines, but also for the most demanding repairs.



#### JZ cross-linked shrinkable joints

are designed for most demanding conditions subjected to adverse stress and can also be used in sites where ground water occurs.



See below for more information on joints.

## Accessories

The selection of a specific joint type depends primarily on:

- Joint size
- Soil factors (level of ground and surface water, oil and other contamination)
- Knowledge and experience of the assembly personnel
- Number of thermal cycles
- Stress rate the joint is exposed to
- Service life of the joint
- Requirements of the designer and the project investor

Thanks to our many years of experience, our sales representatives or engineers will recommend the best type of joint for the project.

The joint installation must be done in accordance with EN 13941 standards by trained personnel with valid certification from ABTER STEEL.

The certification confirms the theoretical and practical knowledge of installation of pre-insulated pipe joints. This knowledge and practical testing during the training programme helps minimize risks and possible damage which may be incurred by failure to adhere to the correct procedures and to adapt the installation of the joints to the environment.

After the training programme, the installation workers will have gained the following knowledge:

- Information about the types of joints used and installation procedures
- Joint foaming process using cast PUR foam
- Safety regulations applicable to the installation of the joints and PUR foam
- Storage conditions for the individual components
- Disposal of waste generated during the installation of joints
- Leak detection systems used for pre-insulated pipes (Nordic, Brandes, Hagenuk, and Isotronic)

Information on the procedures of joint installation is provided in the installation manual, which is available at [www.ABTERSTEEL.COM](http://www.ABTERSTEEL.COM)

## Accessories

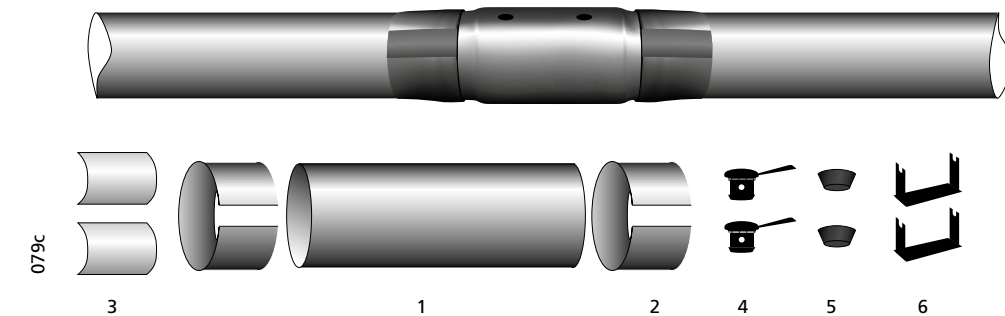
### 5.4.1 Double sealed shrinkable joint

The PE casing shrinks to the outside of the casing pipe after being torch heated. The sealing tape is considered to be the main sealing element and it is already integrated in the PE casing. Shrinkable sealing sleeves covering the edges of the casing are used as additional sealing in accordance with the requirements of standard EN 489 for double-sealed joints.

**DSJ double-sealed shrinkable joint includes:**

1. PE-shrinkable casing	1 piece	6. Detection wire connectors	2 pieces
2. Narrow shrink sleeves	2 pieces	7. Detection wire supports	2 pieces
3. Patches	2 pieces	PE casings are supplied with the sealing tape pasted on.	
4. Venting plugs	2 pieces	PUR components	
5. Welding plugs	2 pieces	(quantity according to the dimensions)	

The shrinkable cover casing comes in a protective white foil of polyethylene that protects it from dirt, moisture, and sunlight. The protective foil is removed just before heating the joint.



DSJ joints are offered in the following standard lengths according to the diameter of the casing pipe:

Casing pipe diameter	Length of the connection
ø 90 - 560 mm	600 mm
ø 630 - 1000 mm	700 mm

See Chapter 6.5 for the dose rate of PUR components. See the installation manual for workflow.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard DSJ (DN dimension/casing diameter) Ex.: FTS DSJ DN100/200

#### 5.4.1.1 Double sealed shrinkable joint for compensator

Double-sealed joints with a longer casing and with a bigger quantity of PUR foam are intended to insulate one time compensators.

Casing pipe diameter	Length of the connection
ø 90 - 125 mm	880 mm
ø 140 - 180 mm	950 mm
ø 200 - 280 mm	1080 mm
ø 315 - 400 mm	1120 mm
ø 450 - 710 mm	1260 mm

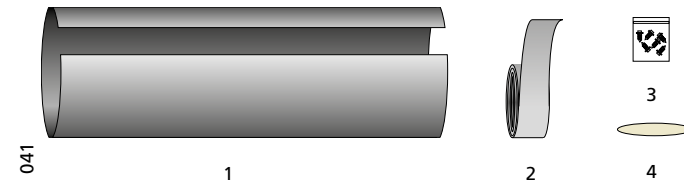
Code: ABTER STEEL Standard OB-DSJ (DN dimension/casing diameter) Ex.: FTS OB-DSJ DN100/200

## Accessories

### 5.4.2 Spiro joint

**The kit contains:**

- 1. Coiled casing metal plate 1 piece
- 2. Sealing tape 1 piece
- 3. Rivets 9 pieces
- 4. Covering metal patch 1 piece
- PUR components (quantity according to the dimensions)



Standard length of Spiro joints is 500 mm.  
The covering metal patch is installed by four rivets.

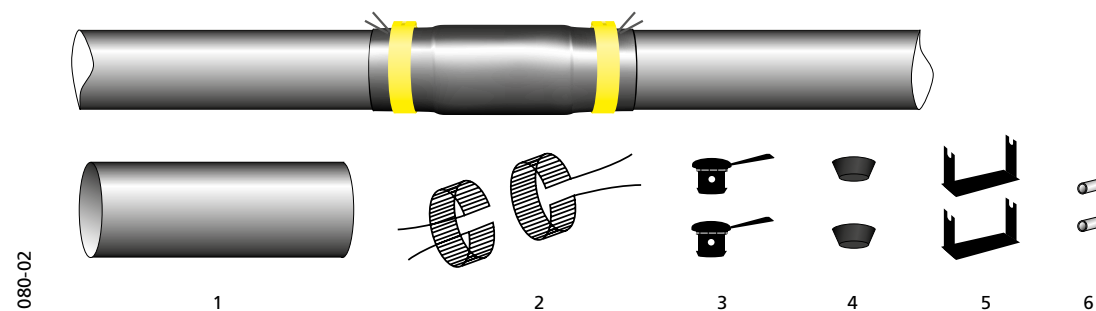
Code: ABTER STEEL Standard Spiro connection pipe (DN pipe dimension / casing diameter) Ex.: FTSS joint DN200/315

### 5.4.3 Electrically weldable joint

The standard electrically weldable joint combines the advantages of a shrinking sleeve which shrinks if flame-heated to a diameter of a guard tube and the final electrical welding of plastics by integrated welding bands with electrical conductors. Welding is performed by a special welding machine controlled by the microcomputer which adjusts the welding process to the ambient conditions. This results in a solid, high-quality joint along the entire circumference.

**Electrically weldable shrinkable joints includes:**

- 1. Electro shrinkable casing 1 piece
- 2. Welding resistance wires 2 pieces
- 3. Venting plugs 2 pieces
- 4. Welding plugs 2 pieces
- 5. Detection wire supports 2 pieces
- 6. Detection wire connectors 2 pieces
- PUR components (quantity according to the dimensions)



Joints are offered as standard in length of 700 mm.

See Chapter 6.5. for the dose rate of PUR components.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard JT (DN dimension / casing diameter) Ex.: FTS JT DN100/200

## Accessories

### 5.4.3.1 Electrically weldable joint for compensator

Electrically weldable joints with a longer casing and with a bigger quantity of PUR foam are intended to insulate one time compensators.

Casing pipe diameter	Length of the connection
ø 90 - 125 mm	880 mm
ø 140 - 180 mm	950 mm
ø 200 - 280 mm	1080 mm
ø 315 - 400 mm	1120 mm
ø 450 - 710 mm	1260 mm

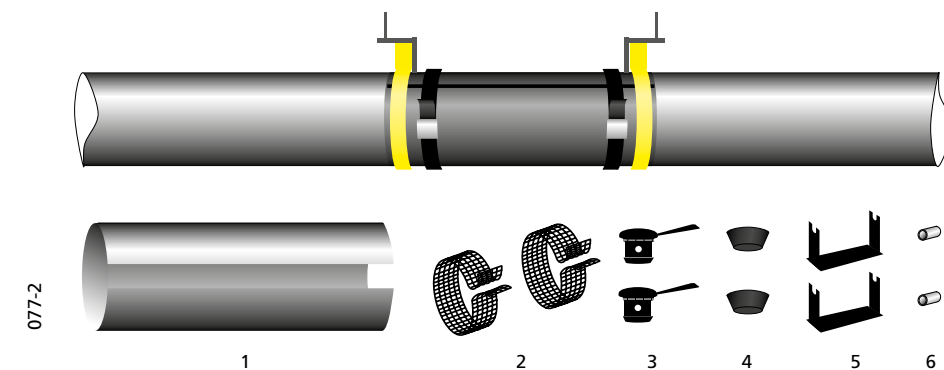
Code: ABTER STEEL Standard OB-JT (DN dimension/casing diameter) Ex.: FTS OB-JT DN100/200

### 5.4.4 Extrusion longitudinally weldable electric joint MITTEL

High-quality and durable electrically weldable joint Mittel is suitable not only for implementation of new pipelines, but also for the most demanding repairs. Thanks to its unique technology, using the longitudinal extrusion weld, it can also be used for the existing (closed) lines. The joint sleeve comprises welding bands with electrical conductors for the final welding of plastics. It is longitudinally split to facilitate its placement and positioning in the pipeline, not shrinkable in heat. Once the sleeve is fitted to the desired location, its final welding is performed using the microcomputer-controlled welding machine, where the welding process is automatically adapted to the ambient conditions. Subsequently, the sleeve is longitudinally welded by the extrusion welding machine, to achieve a solid, high-quality joint.

**The WE Extrusion welded longitudinal joint includes:**

- 1. PE-non shrinkable casing 1 piece
- 2. Welding metal band 2 pieces
- 3. Venting plugs 2 pieces
- 4. Welding plugs 2 pieces
- 5. Detection wire supports 2 pieces
- 6. Detection wire connectors 2 pieces
- PUR components (quantity according to the dimensions)



Casing length L = 600mm for D = 90-560mm  
Casing length L = 700mm for D = 630-710mm

See Chapter 6.5 for the dose rate of PUR components.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard JM (DN dimension/casing diameter) E.g.: FTS JM DN100/200



## Accessories

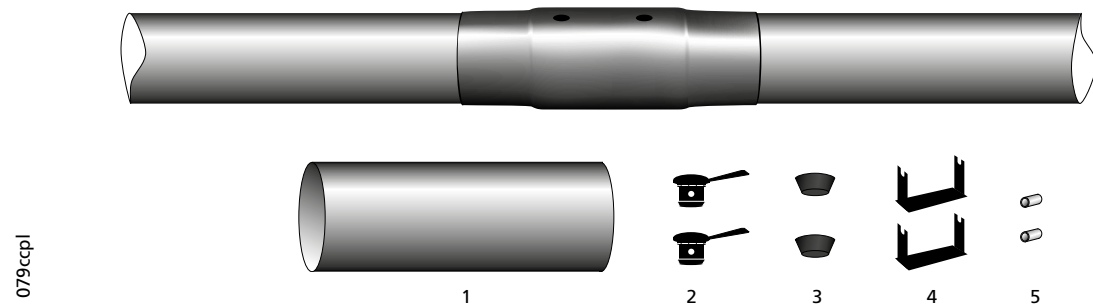
### 5.4.5 Cross-linked shrinkable joint

The cross-linked casing shrinks to the outside of the casing pipe after being torch heated. The crosslinked shrinkable casing has an integrated seal on each side. The casing's material has a high shrinkage rate, which gives the joint a high adherence pressure for the service life of the pipe. It is therefore not necessary to use shrinkable protective sleeves as is the case for the DSJ joint.

JZ cross-linked shrinkable joints includes:

1. Cross-linked shrinkable casing	1 piece	4. Detection wire connectors	2 pieces
2. Venting plugs	2 pieces	5. Detection wire supports	2 pieces
3. Welding plugs	2 pieces	PUR components	(quantity according to the dimensions)

The cross-linked heat shrinkable sleeve comes in a protective white foil of polyethylene that protects it from dirt and moisture. The protective foil is removed just before heating the joint.



JZ joints are offered in the following standard lengths depending on the diameter of the casing pipe and customer requirements:

Casing pipe diameter	Length of the connection
ø 90 - 990 mm	600-700 mm
ø 280 - 990 mm	600-750 mm

See Chapter 6.5. for the dose rate of PUR components.

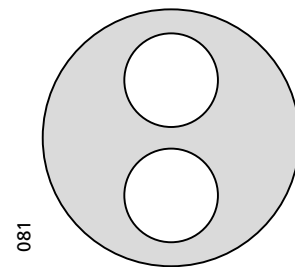
Code: ABTER STEEL Standard JZ (DN dimension/casing diameter) Ex.: FTS JZ DN100/200

### 5.4.6 Twins joint

For the ABTER STEEL Twins system, we offer all joint types mentioned in Chapters 6.4.1 to 6.4.4. The only difference is the foam dosage.

Change in the way of coding joints

Code: ABTER STEEL Twins (joint type) (DN+DN / casing diameter) Ex.: FTT DSJ DN40+40/160



### 5.4.7 Accessories for joints

Upon the customer's request, we supply individual replacement joint components separately. It is also possible to separately order upper patches for the additional covering of welding plugs.

## Accessories

### 5.4.8 Dosage of PUR foam

#### 5.4.8.1 Dosage of PUR foam from bottles

Calculated values:

Density 85 kg/m<sup>3</sup> of polyurethane  
DSJ joint type

Components:

MDI: Diphenylmethane diisocyanate - dark, viscous, higher quantity

Length of the foamed part: 350 mm

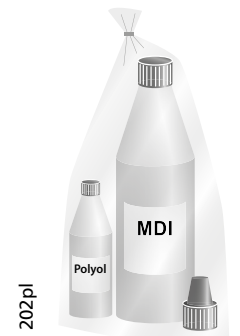
Polyol: Polyether alcohol - light, bright, viscous

#### Dosage of foam for ABTER STEEL Standard

DN	Insulation class 1		Insulation class 2		Insulation class 3	
	Casing diameter [mm]	Bottle size	Casing diameter [mm]	Bottle size	Casing diameter [mm]	Bottle size
25	90	1	110	2	125	3
32	110	2	125	3	140	4
40	110	2	125	3	140	4
50	125	3	140	4	160	6
65	140	3	160	5	180	6
80	160	4	180	6	200	6,1
100	200	6,1	225	8	250	8
125	225	7	250	9	280	9
150	250	8	280	9	315	10
200	315	9	355	7+8	400	9,1+7/ 9+9
250*	400	7+8	450	9,1+9,1	500	10+11
300	450	8+8	500	10+11	560	11+11
350	500	9+9,1	560	9+9+9		
400**	560	9+9,1+6				

#### Dosage of foam for ABTER STEEL Twins

DN	Insulation class 1		Insulation class 2	
	Casing diameter [mm]	Bottle size	Casing diameter [mm]	Bottle size
25	140	4	160	5
32	160	5	180	6
40	160	5	180	6
50	200	5	225	7
65	225	7	250	8
80	250	8	280	9
100	315	10	355	11



\* For the foaming of joints in larger dimensions, we offer the mechanical foaming of these joints directly on-site, to achieve the highest quality of joints and the correct mechanical and thermal insulating properties; alternatively we can supply the foam components in canisters.

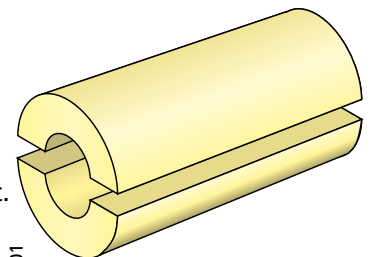
\*\* From DN 400, use the bottles in extreme cases only.

#### 5.4.8.2 Prefabricated PUR insulation foam

To request prefabricated insulating foam modules, as an alternative to foam in bottles or canisters, please put a "PU" abbreviation in your order after the joint specification. Prefabricated insulation is used especially with the temperature parameters for the joint assembly out of range (heat/cold).

The supply also includes a foil for securing the insulation position at the joint.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard DSJ (DN of piping/diameter of casing)-PU  
Ex.: FTS DSJ DN100/250-PU



## Accessories

### 5.4.8.3 Prefabricated PUR insulation foam

#### Calculated values:

Density 85 kg/m<sup>3</sup> of polyurethane

DSJ joint type

Length of the foamed part: ≤ DN350 = 350 mm  
≥ DN400 = 390 mm

#### Components:

MDI: Diphenylmethane diisocyanate - dark, viscous, higher quantity

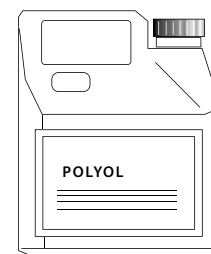
Polyol: Polyether alcohol - light, bright, viscous

Dosage of foam for ABTER STEEL Standard

DN	Insulation class 1			Insulation class 2			Insulation class 3		
	Casing diameter [mm]	Polyol [liter]	Isocyanate [liter]	Casing diameter [mm]	Polyol [liter]	Isocyanate [liter]	Casing diameter [mm]	Polyol [liter]	Isocyanate [liter]
25	90	0,063	0,107	110	0,098	0,169	125	0,148	0,248
32	110	0,091	0,156	125	0,123	0,212	140	0,179	0,299
40	110	0,089	0,153	125	0,120	0,206	140	0,175	0,292
50	125	0,110	0,189	140	0,157	0,270	160	0,217	0,363
65	140	0,138	0,238	160	0,174	0,300	180	0,259	0,433
80	160	0,165	0,284	180	0,226	0,388	200	0,325	0,544
100	200	0,249	0,428	225	0,340	0,584	250	0,481	0,804
125	225	0,288	0,494	250	0,392	0,674	280	0,567	0,947
150	250	0,320	0,550	280	0,455	0,782	315	0,674	1,127
200	315	0,499	0,857	355	0,711	1,221	400	1,066	1,782
250	400	0,795	1,365	450	1,178	2,024	500	1,659	2,773
300	450	0,931	1,599	500	1,356	2,329	560	1,955	3,268
350	500	1,263	2,169	560	1,892	3,249	630	2,538	4,243
400	560	1,583	2,719	630	2,596	4,458	670	3,491	5,837
450	560	1,575	2,705	630	2,384	4,095	710	4,448	7,437
500	630	1,551	2,664	710	2,582	4,435	800	5,686	9,506

Dosage of foam for ABTER STEEL Twins

DN	Insulation class 1			Insulation class 2		
	Casing diameter [mm]	Polyol [liter]	Isocyanate [liter]	Casing diameter [mm]	Polyol [liter]	Isocyanate [liter]
25	140	0,16	0,27	160	0,22	0,38
32	160	0,19	0,33	180	0,25	0,43
40	160	0,19	0,33	180	0,26	0,44
50	200	0,3	0,52	225	0,4	0,7
65	225	0,39	0,67	250	0,51	0,87
80	250	0,44	0,76	280	0,59	1,02
100	315	0,68	1,16	355	0,93	1,59
125	400	1,12	1,93	450	1,51	2,61
150	450	1,37	2,35	500	1,82	3,13
200	560	2,12	3,64	630	2,93	5,02



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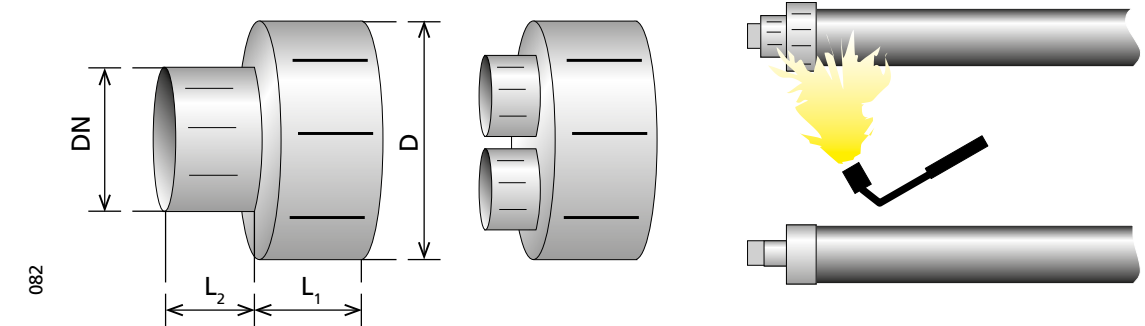
For foam dosage for different lengths of joints, the quantity of foam components is multiplied by a factor x:

$$X = \frac{\text{new length of the foamed part of the joint (mm)}}{\text{standard length of the foamed part of the joint (mm)}}$$

For dosing ratios of larger dimensions, please contact the ABTER STEEL technical department.

## Accessories

### 5.5 End sealing of insulation



The end sealing of insulation must be attached to the pipe before welding the inner pipe. End sealing is shrunk by torch flame to protect the pipe end against moisture. Clean and abrade the jacket and pipe surface prior to shrinking. Start shrinking the seal part on the jacket section. Let it cool down and fasten before shrinking the part over the steel pipe. Avoid leaving air under the sealing.

DN	D (mm)	L <sub>1</sub> (mm)	L <sub>2</sub> (mm)
20-65	90-140	60	40
65-250	160-450	80	50
300-350	500	100	70

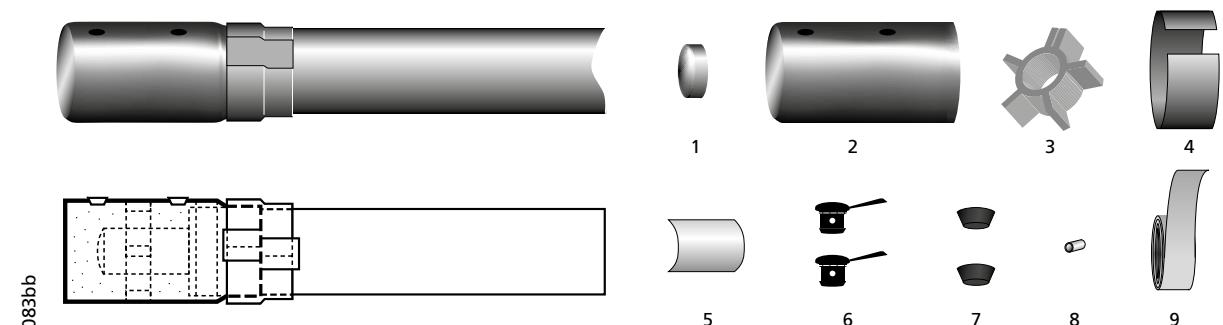
Code: ABTER STEEL Standard ES (DN/casing diameter)  
Ex.: FTS ES DN100/200

### 5.6 End fitting kit

The end fitting kit is used for the temporary blanking of a pipe. It is assumed that the ends blanked off by the kit will be used for a later extension of an existing route. The end of the heat transfer pipe must be closed off with a pressure steel bottom before foaming. The steel bottom should not touch the end of shrinkable casing. To reduce pipe stressing by pressure caused due to pipe movement in the ground, the face of the end fitting kit must be sheathed with an expansion pad.

#### The end fitting kit includes:

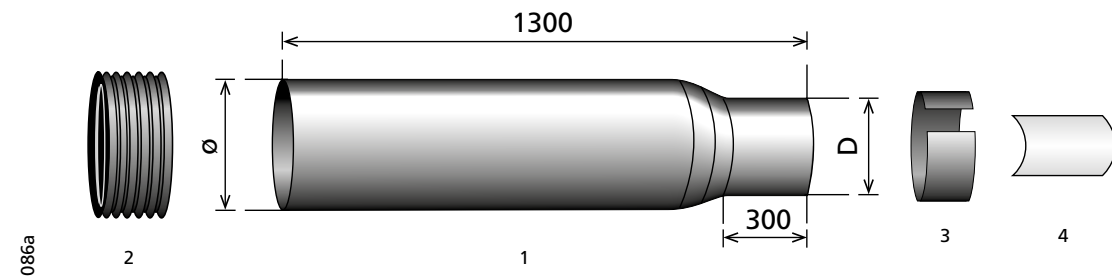
- |                           |         |                              |  |
|---------------------------|---------|------------------------------|--|
| 1. Steel bottom min. PN25 | 1 piece | 7. Welding plugs             | 2 piece                                |
| 2. End shrinkable casing  | 1 piece | 8. Detection wires connector | 1 piece                                |
| 3. Centring ring          | 1 piece | 9. Sealing tape              | 1 piece                                |
| 4. Shrink sleeve          | 1 piece | PUR components               | (quantity according to the dimensions) |
| 5. Closing patch          | 1 piece |                              |  |
| 6. Venting plugs          | 2 piece |                              |  |



Code: ABTER STEEL Standard ECK-DSJ (DN/casing parameter) Ex.: FTS ECK-DSJ DN100/200

# Accessories

## 5.7 Connection pipe



The connection pipes are used as an outlet for pre-insulated branches from concrete ducts. It ensures water tightness and enables axial movement of the main pipe in a concrete duct.

**The kit includes:**

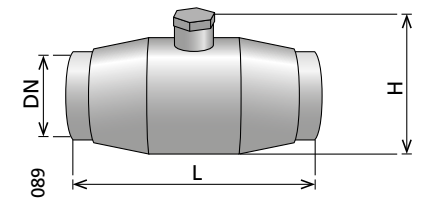
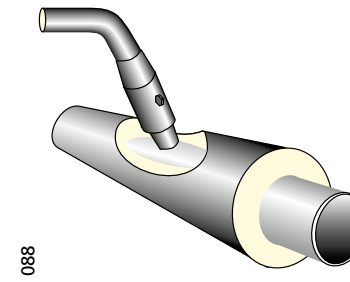
- 1. Connection PE-HD pipe 1 piece
- 2. Channel rubber 1 piece
- 3. Narrow Shrink sleeve 1 piece
- 4. Closing patch 1 piece

Code: ABTER STEEL  
Standard CP (casing diameter)  
Ex.: FTS CP 125

Diameter of the casing pipe D (mm)	Ø (mm)
90	140
110	160
125	180
140	200
160	225
180	280
200	280
225	315
250	315
280	355
315	400
355	450

# Accessories

## 5.8 Tapping valve

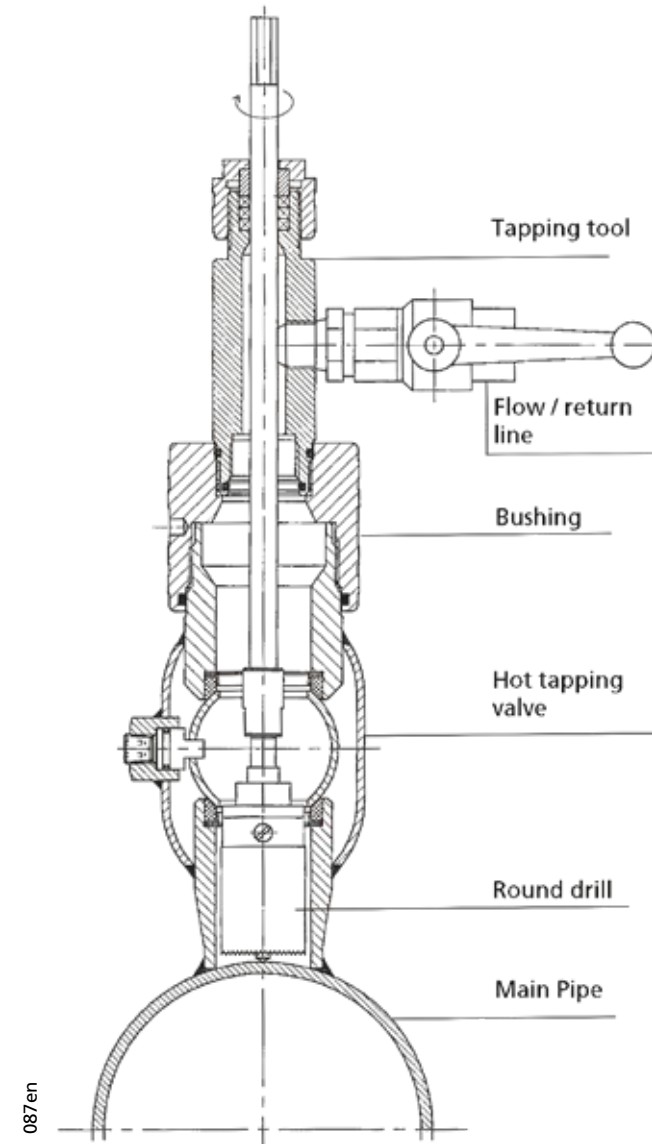


Standard reduced hot tapping valves:

DN	Inner pipe diameter DN	L (mm)	H (mm)
25	20	143	63
32	25	145	68
40	32	178	96
50	40	198	107
65	50	205	118
80	65	200	137
100	78	225	163
150	125	365	253
200	150	523	310

Full-flow hot tapping valves:

DN	Inner pipe diameter DN	L (mm)	H (mm)
25	25	209	75
32	32	207	91
40	40	226	107
50	50	260	125
65	65	280	148
80	80	312	175
100	100	349	211
125	125	365	253
150	150	520	310



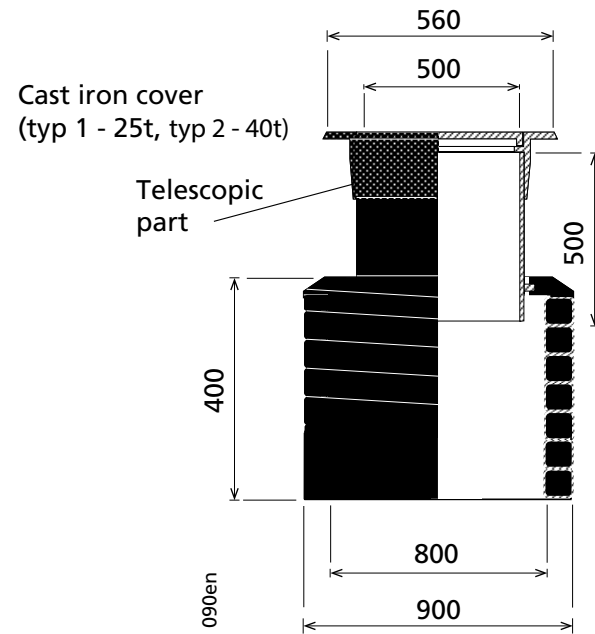
This equipment enables drilling a branch hole into a pressurized pipe (hot tapping) without any need to drain the medium. When drilling the tap hole, the drill passes through a ball valve, which is welded on to the main pipe as a branch. The diameter range of the branch pipe that can be achieved with pipe tapping is from DN 25 to DN 200. ABTER STEEL offers reduced or full-flow tapping versions. The tapping branch is additionally insulated with the T-kit (e.g., the Elevation model); see Chapter 6.8.

**Important note:** When tapping is performed, the temperature of the medium must not exceed 60°C and its maximum permissible pressure is 0,5 MPa.

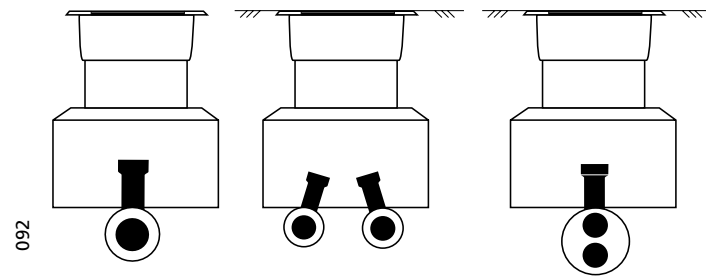
## Accessories

### 5.9 Polyethylene valve wells

Thanks to the telescopic polyethylene chamber, it is possible to take into account the individual requirements for the manhole height depending on how deep under the ground the pipe is installed. The handling and installation of the chamber is very simple, thanks to its compact design and low weight. In addition, the chamber does not transfer the load from the moving vehicles to the pipeline. There are two types of cast iron chamber covers, with the load capacity of 25 tonnes (type 1) and 40 tonnes (type 2).



Installation methods:



Other sizes are available on request.

The pre-defined versions are supplied at the lengths of 1 and 2 metres (the length can also be adjusted directly on site)

It must always be possible for the valves to move within the chamber; if installed under the ground, the whole spindle must be covered in expansion pads.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard PE- well (800/900) (well cover type) Ex.: FTS PE-well (inner/outer diameter), 1

## Accessories

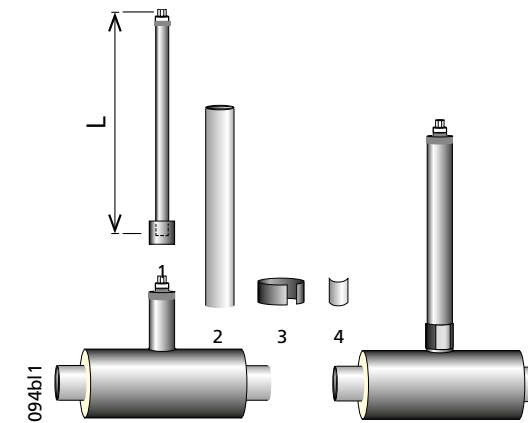
### 5.10 Valve spindle extender

Valve spindle extenders are used for cases in which a normal pre-insulated valve spindle is too short. Fixed version can be supplied. The solid rod extension is supplied in lengths from 1 m; 2 m. The length can be adjusted directly on a site.

**Important notice:**

Expansion of the valve in the shaft must be allowed for. When laid in ground, the entire valve rod must be sheathed with expansion pads.

The Solid valve spindle extender and valve spindle is covered by a protection pipe, which is sealed with a narrow shrink sleeve and Closing patch.



**The solid extension of the valve rod includes:**

1. Solid extension of the valve spindle
2. PE protection pipe
3. Narrow Shrink sleeve
4. Closing patch

**Material of the valve rod extensions:**

- PE extension casing
- Internal mechanism made of stainless steel.

Code: ABTER STEEL Standard SPE (DN of the valve) x (diameter of the PE protection pipe) (L=length) (valve manufacturer)  
Ex.: FTS SPE DN80 x 125 L = 1 m Broen